The Raleigh Tribune.

DAILY

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CHANDLER AND SILVER.

Aggressive Republican Policy—Remonetization of Silver.

THE REAL FRIEND OF SILVER

JUDGE GOFF INTERESTED IN THE SENATORIAL CONTEST.

He Paid a High Tribute to Senator Pritchard—"The Fighting Governor of North Carolina."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.

Senator Chandler was positive in his statement today that an aggressive Republican policy looking to the remonetization of silver is assured. In the Republican caucus yesterday there was some difference of opinion as to details, but on the basic question of bi metallism there was no disagreement "The St. Louis declaration," he said, "will be honestly and earnestly adhered to in the fiscal policy of the Republican party. The Democrats are laughing now at the certain failure of Senator Wolcott's mission to England in the interest of international bimetallism, "observed the Senator," but they are laughing too soon, as usual.

I have the best reason to believe that the reactionary sentiment in London will compel an honest effort to bring about an international agreement with bimetallism as its basis. The Republican party will prove to be the real friend of silver in this country. The Democratic party is ready to drop the issue now, notwithstanding all that is said in Democratic papers to the contrary. The leaders are already shaping the next campaign on the trust and corporation issue. Oh, silver will be talked about, but only as an incident The agitation now and the abortive attempts to revive Bryanism are intended only for Populist consumption. Bnt it is not easy to fool honest people twice in successive Presidential campaigns. The restoration of silver as a part of our currency system depends entirely upon the integrity of the pledge made by the National Republican Convention at St. Louis. The pledge was honestly made, and I have heard enough since Congress convened to satisfy me that the next administration will redeem, to the full extent of its resources."

There is no truth in the newspaper statements that the Republican caucus has disagreed on the policy that shall control the party on the currency question. There is not the slightest intimation from any trustworthy Republican source of any disposition to ignore the St. Louis platform.

Enough is known here of President-elect McKinley's determination in this matter to silence all reports to the contrary Those who enjoy Mr. McKinley's confidence say that the cabinet slate is made with the exception of one of the two Southern appointments. The Postmaster Generalship is between North Carolina and Tennessee.

It is settled that Judge Goff of West Virginia will be the next Attorney General. THE TRIBUNE'S representative saw him at the Ebbitt House tonight, but he would neither affirm or deny the report in connection with himself.

He expre-sed great interest in the North Carolina Senatorial contest and paid a high tribute to Senator Pritchard. After reading a synopsis of Gov. Russell's address, we will now name him, said a Republican Congressman, "the fighting Governor of North Carolina." "The State has slumbered after the Rip Van Winkle way for twenty years and needs an awakening." Reading what the bellicose executive said about the "ignorant and propertyless element" controlling municipal affairs in the State, Mr. Woodard said with some enthusiasm, "Hurrah for Russell." On the annullment of the North Carolina railroad lease, Tom Skinner says, "Russell is wrong. It would ruin the State The Legislature will not annul the lease."

The danger is in the Supreme Court. The same point is invalid in the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad case now before the Court, on appeal from Judge Robinson.

There is some belief among lawyers that the Court will reverse the opinion delivered by Judge Bynum in the Richmond and Danville Railroad lease some years ago

Lock Craig arrived here today and delivered the electoral vote of the State in due form. Speaking of the Senatorial contest at Raleigh he said that he had no doubt of Pritchard's re election. "Butler," he said, "is making a desperate effort to shake Pritchard's Populist support but there are no signs that it is wavering in the least." Mr. Craig returns to Asheville tomorrow.

REDUCTION OF $127,000.

A Bill Carrying $768,381 Representing 438 Southern Claims.

Washington, D. C., January 13—A reduction of $127,000 per annum has been ordered in the expenses of the Collector of Customs at New York. The reduction is to take effect from February 1st

The reduction ordered will include the discontinuance of the services of twenty-five inspectors (including twelve existing vacancies), six night inspectors (including two existing vacancies), one weigher, ten assistant weighers (including four existing vacancies), seven assistant weighers, and a reduction in the force of temporary weighers' laborers.

A bill carrying an appropriation of $768,381, representing 435 claims for stores and supplies taken in the South by Federal troops during the late war, which claims have been adjusted by the Court of Claims under the provisions of the Bowman act, was today favorably reported to the Senate by the Committee on Claims. This bill was incorporated by the Senate as an amendment in the sundry civil bill of the last session of Congress, but it was disagreed to by the House and stricken out in conference.

AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATION.

It Will Reach $3,152,752, an Increase of $102,080.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The appropriation bill was presented to the House today by Mr. Wadsworth, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture. It carries an appropriation of $3,152 752, an increase of $102,080 over the amount appropriated for the current fiscal year. The only material increase is under the head of the Bureau of Animal Industry, and is intended to allow the extension of meat inspect on. The committee discussed the matter of "compulsory meat inspection" but decided to make it the subject of an independent bill and not to place it in the appropriation bill.

For the purchase and distribution of valuable seeds an appropriation of $120, 000 is made and the Secretary is directed to expend the appropriation

Secretary Morton made no estimate for this expenditure, and, as in former bills, it was tnserted without his sanction.

A HEAVY SNOW STORM

In Colorado, Wyoming, in the Missouri Valley, Nebraska and Montana.

Heavy Fall in the Temperature Looked For—Serious Phase Put on the Situation.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 12.—Reports received from points west indicate that a heavy snow storm prevails, though the wind has been moderate, and the weather not intensely cold.

Snow and rain fell in Kansas last night, and heavy snow began in Colorado and Wyoming. Snow fell in South Dakota, and in Minnesota the flakes are falling south of the central portion of the State, and in Wisconsin and Michigan also. The snow fall was heavy in the Missouri Valley, and came eastward with great rapidity. At Carlyle, Ill., six inches had fallen before midnight. St. Paul, Minneapolis, Sioux City, Omaha, St. Joe and St. Louis, were all in the path of the storm last night, and either snow or rain fell heavily in each place before morning. At Duluth the winds were high and Lake Superior was unsafe.

Throughout Nebraska and portions of Montana it was snowing all day yesterday and drifts have formed in the railroad cuts. On the range the cattle can easily get to the grass under the snow. Reports however, indicate a heavy fall in temperature as probable, and this will put a new and serious phase on the situation. The Nebraska grain men are jubilant over the weather, as they say there never was so much moisture in the State in this season as at present.

Throughout Iowa heavy snows are also reported with some delay in railroad traffic.

The Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, D C.,sJan. 13.—The general treaty of arbitration between this country and Great Britain, was read in Committee on Foreign Relations this morning and discussed informally. There was no suggestion as to the amendments and at no time was there any disposition to take up the subject at today's session for serious discussion. It was decided that as the press had published the text of the treaty the injunction of secrecy might as well be removed.

The treaty will probably remain in Committee for several weeks. Cuba was not mentioned.

Weather Report.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—Virginia—Threatening, light snow or sleet; slight rise in temperature; southerly winds.

North and South Carolina—Generally cloudy, with light rain, warmer in interior; easterly to southerly winds.

COL. SKINNER'S REPLY

The Retort Courteous to the Progressive Farmer and the News and Observer.

ALLIES TO DEFEAT PRITCHARD

Dig in the Ribs for Anti-Pritchard Populists.

DEMOCRATIC FALSEHOODS EXPOSED

Refused a Hearing in the Papers that Assail Him, Colonel Skinner Finds an Audience Through The Tribune.

The Progressive Farmer this week contained a very vicious editorial attack upon Col. Harry Skinner and the Populist members of the Legislature who are supporting Senator Pritchard for re-election, intimating in the broadest kind of terms that all of them were influenced by reward, or the hope of reward, at the hands of Republicans who are supposed to have money or patronage at their disposal. The News and Observer copied the article with an editorial introduction and every manifestation of approval, making liberal use of capital letters to give prominence to its most malignant features.

Yesterday evening a representative of THE TRIBUNE called upon Col. Skinner at his room at the Park Hotel to inquire if he had anything to say in regard to the artlcle. The following colloquy ensued:

Question—"Colonel, I understand you have an interview which you wish to give to the public; that you have offered the same to the News and Observer and Col. Olds, a newspaper correspondent, representing several daily newspapers in the State and elsewhere, and they have refused the interview. Can you give THE TRIBUNE this interview? THE TRIBUNE is here to print the news, and will be glad to give you a hearing through its columns."

Answer—"I never like to talk through Republican papers; I have generally been able to get a hearing otherwise. Under the present conditions I will give it to you."

The interview which was declined by the Democratic press is as follows:

Question—"What have you to say about the insinuations made by the Progressive Farmer that were published yesterday in the News and Observer?"

Answer—"In this fight I regard the Progressive Farmer as an ally and assistant of the News and Observer to defeat Senator Pritchard, and such insinuations, when we know them to be without foundation and absolutely false, will not intimidate us along the line of our determined action. The News and Observer and the Progressive Farmer have simply tackled the wrong men—when they think they can be driven from their position by any such party tactics.

"We recall that when the late L. L. Polk made a break to create the Populist movement, it was charged by the News and Observer and the Democratic press from ocean to ocean that our beloved and lamented Polk was in the hire of the Republican party. Time has proven that those charges were without foundation, for we know he died a poor man, without the means to have that monument erected to his memory which his services to his country demand and which we are ready to give, together with a similar shaft to the memory of our beloved Vance.

"We recall that when Marion Butler followed Polk and accepted the electorship of the Populist party at large and made his brilliant canvass with Glenn and Aycock, it was charged that the Republican party was paying his campaign expenses. We defended him then. We knew at that time that they were false; we do certify so now.

We know that it is being told that Hon. Thomas E. Watson's position in this matter is influenced by the corrupt agreement to give him his seat in Congress. We have his absolute denial of this charge, and we have such faith in the integrity and character of Tom Watson that we know he would not accept a seat unless he thought that he was entitled thereto; and I say, as a member of the 54th Congress, that I would not vote for Mr. Watson unless the record and the evidence clearly show that his title is clear to the office.

"We recall that the Progressive Farmer, when it supported at St. Louis, through its editor, Mr. Ramsey, a middle-of-the-road ticket, the Democratic press charged that he was influenced by Republican money. I defended him at that time against such charges, and knew then, as I know now, that Mr. Ramsey is incorruptible."

By way of parenthesis, Mr. Skinner said that, notwithstanding these charges resting at the time upon Mr. Ramsey, knowing the character of the man, he assisted in naming Mr. Ramsey and Mr. Garrett as the associates of Mr. Butler on the national committee against Mr. Butler's open protest. Resuming the thread of the interview he said:

"We recall that very recently the News and Observer charged that S. Otho Wilson had Hanna's money, which caused him to be active in making co-operation perfect. I personally know the fact that this is false, and that I was called upon to contribute twenty dollars for this very purpose, and I know that Mr. Wilson was prompted only by the highest motives to serve the best interest of his party.

"We recall about the same time and under the same influences, it was charged by the press that our chairman, Hal. W. Ayer, had sold out Guthrie and Butler and the cause upon the condition precedent that the gentleman from Wilkes should give way to Mr. Ayer so that he (Ayer) would be certain of the position which he wanted. We knew at the time Mr. Ayer and his character, and trusted to his integrity and judgment that he acted as he saw fit for the best interest of the Populist party. We are now satisfied that this is so.

"In conclusion, everybody recalls that there were open charges of corrupt means used by Judge Russell to obtain the nomination for Governor, and that by reason of this fact and his past career, he was not entitled to the respect of decent gentlemen, and that his election would be a disgrace and the ruin of the present and future interests of the State However, since it is Gov. Russell, we find that the Democratic party on all hands gives him that respect and homage which he commands by reason of his eminent ability, high character and sound policies which, as Governor, he proposes to execute, and to the office which he holds by the suffrages of the people.

"Every Populist in the nation knows that when he left the old parties he was under censure and criticism, and we regret to see certain influences adapting old party tactics to coerce free men and patriots. We know and realize our responsibility to our party and our cause, and we simply ask that the future shall develop our purposes and pass upon our sound judgment. At the same time we challenge investigation as to improper motives controlling our present position.

"It may have been an error of judgment to have ever associated with Republicans. If this is so, no one is more responsible therefor than the leaders of the anti Pritchard forces in this fight. Since they created our present political status, we are determined that the good faith and integrity of the party shall be maintained. Without this we have not the character for us to succeed in our independent fight or to advance our cause by co-operation with any party in the future.

"Free silver, which is but initiatory in our reforms, cannot live except upon a square, open policy, and we cannot afford to accept positions without the ability to know our surroundings and implied consequences of our actions."

Battle Ships.

Washington, D C, Jan. 13.—Naval Constructor Dashiell, member of the steel board, has returned from Bethlehem, Pa., where he examined the plates made for the battle ship Wisconsin, now under construction at San Francisco. He found them fully up to specifications, so there will be no delay on that vessel.

Constructor Dashiell will now go to Newport News, where the work on the battle ships Kearsage and Kentucky are practically suspended on account of tests which cast doubt on the quality of all the steel furnished. I is believed that the methods of working the plates into those ships is as much at fault as the plates themselves, and the constructor hopes to devise some method by which sufficient good material out of the hundreds of tons on hand may be selected and the work continued while the steel contractors are given an opportunity to make good the deficiency. The steel board will consider Constructor Dashiell's report on Friday, and there is likelihood that construction may be recommenced at Newport News next week.

The cruiser Minneapolis reached Alexandria, Syria, today, after a long cruise along the Alerine coast.

WATSON-BLACK.

Next Friday Set to Discuss the Testimony.

Washington, D. C, Jan. 13—Elections Committee, No 1, which has jurisdiction of the contested election cases of Watson versus Black, from the Tenth Georgia District, will meet on Friday next to discuss the testimony submitted, and endeavor, if possible, to reach a conclusion respecting its merits. It is not likely that a definite decision will be reached at this meeting, in view of the wide diversity of opinion among the members

It is possible that several meetings may be called before the majority of the committee agree upon a report.

Death Roll.

Richmond, Va, January 13—Stephen McGee Fisher, assistant secretary of the Virginia and Marine Insurance Company and one of the leading masons of Virginia, died at his home near Ashland this morning.

Cynthiana, Ky., January 13—Major Jacob Crosthwait died at his home at Connersville yesterday.

An ardent free silver Democrat in life. Major Crosthwait left a will in which he directed that the base of his monument be of silver, on which should be the inscription: "Free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1." The will will probably be contested by the relatives on the grounds of insanity.

U.S. SENATE AND HOUSE

Bacon of Georgia, Makes an Argument as to Whether

THE PRESIDENT OR CONGRESS

CAN RECOGNIZE A NEW POWER THAT IS TO RECOGNIZE CUBA.

He Contended that It was with the Law-Making Branch of the Government---Imitation Dairy Products Discussed in the House.

SENATE.

Washington, D. C., January 13—The Senate spent the first two hours of today's session behind closed doors, in the consideration of executive business (the extradition treaties with Argentina, and the Orange Republic) and the remainder of the day was occupied in the delivery of a speech by Mr. Bacon (Dem., Ga.) on the question whether the recognition of a new power was an executive or a legislative act. His contention was that it was a legislative function; one exclusively for determination by Congress. Even where the recognition was by the President, its validity, Mr. Bacon argued, was derived from the assent of Congress, either direct or implied. If the President had such exclusive power, it was greater than any which any constitutional monarch wielded.

"Never," Mr. Bacon said, "was challenge of power more sharply made than that by the Secretary of State in the matter; and never was defiance of authority more boldly given"

Mr. Bacon confined himself to the constitutional and legal points in the argument, refraining from every allusion to the practical question of recognizing the Republic of Cuba.

Mr Bacon introduced his subject by remarking that in December last he had introdnced a concurrent resolution which had been referred to the Judiciary Committee, declaring that the question of the recognition by this government of any people as a free and independent nation is one exclusively for the determination of Congress. As he could not call up his own resolution, he would make Mr. Mills' resolution the text of his remarks.

It was undeniable, he said, that all legislative power was vested by the Constitution in Congress, except as modified by the President's right of veto; and, therefore, the test of whether the recognition of a government belonged to the Executive or to Congress was, "would such recognition make that law which was not law before?" If it did, then the power lay in Congress and not in the Executive. He argued that the recognition of a new power did create a new legal status, and was, therefore, exclusively within the province of the law-making power.

When the act of recognition was by the President it derived its validity from the assent of Congress, either direct or implied. His proposition was this: That the ultimate power to determine whether a nation should or should not be recognized was in the law-making branch of the government; and that when that branch, in full knowledge of what is going on, permits the Executive to act in the matter, it is a confirmation of the President's act.

Mr. White (Dem. California) put the case of the recognition by the President of a minister representing a new government, and asked Mr. Bacon whether that recognition was final and bound Congress and the country.

Mr. Bacon gave decidedly a negative response; and when Mr. Hale (Rep., Me.) followed up Mr. White's suggestion by asking whether Congress might order such minister to be sent home, Mr. Bacon's response in the affirmative was equally positive

Mr. Bacon went on to argue that if the President had the sole and exclusive power of recognizing or refusing to recognize a new government, no monareh ever wielded a more absolute power and there was not on earth today a constitutional monarch that wielded such power. It was safer, he argued, that the determination of such a great question should not be within the control of one man but should be under the control of the law making power.

"The Secretary of State," Mr. Bacon continued, "has denied the power of Congress, has defied its authority and has proclaimed through the press to foreign nations that even if such proposed action shall be placed on the statute book in the form of law, the President will not obey it. He has practically threatened Congress with the veto of the President; and has added that if passed over the veto it will be thrown back in the face of Congress as so much waste paper. Never was challenge of power more sharply made. Never was defiance of authority more boldly given."

Mr. Bacon spoke for nearly three hours, most of the speech being delivered from manuscript. The Mills resolutions remain on the table.

Mr. Gear (Rep., Iowa), chairman of the Pacific Railroad Committee, introduced a bill, which was referred to that committee, appointing the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General a commission to settle the indebtedness of the bond-aided Pacific railroads to the government.

The Senate then at 5:10 p. m. adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.

Washington, D. C., January 13—The House spent to-day in work on the calendar and passed a number of minor bills by unanimous consent. The bill providing that oleomargarine and other imitation dairy products shall be subject to the laws of the States and Territories into which they are transported, was sprung unexpectedly. Strong opposition developed at noon, with the result that after a long wrangle a demand for the previous question on the passage of the bill was voted down by a narrow majority.

On motion of Mr. Washington (Dem., Tenn.) Senate joint resolution was passed, providing for expediting the erection of the government building at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition.

Among the bills passed was House bill detaching Marion county, Ala., from the Northern and attaching it to the Southern Judicial District of that State.

Also Senate bill withdrawing from the Supreme Court of the United States jurisdiction over criminal cases not capital. In confers jurisdiction in cases of this character upon the Circuit Court of Appeals

At 4:45 p. m. the House adjourned until tomorrow.

TWO HOUR'S EXECUTIVE SESSION.

EXTRADITION TREATIES—SENATORS MORGAN, SHERMAN, CHANDLER AND HOAR SPEAK.

David R. Frances Not Yet Confirmed.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The Senate devoted two hours this afternoon to the consideration in executive session of the request of Secretary Olney for an amendment to the extradition treaties with the Orange Free State and the Argentine Republic, ratified Monday, by the insertion of a clause requiring each government to give up its own citizens on extradition demanded by the other government a party to the treaty. This language appears in none of our treaties and was so out of the usual order of things that it precipitated a long debate, participated in by Senators Morgan, Sherman, Chandler, Hoar and others.

These Senators took the position that each government was the judge of its own rights in such cases. Senator Davis also spoke at some length in opposition to the request of the Secretary. It was shown that this country had never given up its own citizens, and the Senate held that the language asked for was unnecessary. At the conclusion of the debate no formal action was taken, but it was evident that the Senate would decline to make the amendment asked for, and the treaties will stand as ratified Monday last.

A resolution was adopted removing the injunction of secrecy from the general treaty of arbitration between this country and Great Britain

The nomination of David R. Francis, of Missouri, to be Secretary of the Interior, was called up in executive session, and after a short speech by Mr. Vest, the case went over without action.

A Newspaper Man too Fresh.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The post-office department yesterday received a copy of the Bristol Courier, of Bristol, Tenn., containing a scurrilous editorial signed by the editor of that paper, Chas. H. Slack, in which he attacks James Longstreet Faulkner, editor of the Christian. The contents of the editorial are such that its circulation through the mails constitutes a violation of the postal rules, and the paper was to-day forwarded to a post office inspector, to be submitted by him to the United States District Attorney of Eastern Tennessee, looking to the prosecution of the offender.

Flag at Half Mast.

Boston, Mass., January 13—Steamer Howard, which left here yesterday afternoon for Norfolk and Baltimore, returned at 10 o'clock this morning with her flag at half mast.

The captain of the vessel, John C. Taylor, committed suicide last night by shooting himself. The cause, it is said, was mental trouble due to the collision at Baltimore on the steamer's last trip by which a tug boat was sunk and two men aboard her were drowned.

Holmes Shoots Himself.

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 13.—E. J. Holmes, a promlnent citizen of Asheville and a native of South Carolina, shot himself this afternoon with a pistol behind the right ear, with intent to commit suicide. He is still living, but it is thought he will die before morning. He was secretary and treasurer of the Asheville Club and treasurer of about all of the benefit orders of the city. Financial trouble is assigned as the cause.

A NICE BICYCLE FREE.

Some Raleigh Boy or Girl Can Get One.

WHO WANTS A FINE WATCH?

AN ELEGANT PRIZE OFFERED BY THE TRIBUNE.

To Youths Who Will Bring in the Greatest Number of Subscribers—Go to Work at Once.

Some bright boy or girl of Raleigh can get a bicycle if they want it.

It will take a hustler.

As all of you know, THE RALEIGH DAILY TRIBUNE is a new paper. It has a large number of subscribers already for a new paper, but it wants more.

It is the desire and intention of the management to get every man, woman and child, white and black, in Raleigh, interested in THE TRIBUNE, and readers of it.

For a starter it wishes to interest the boys and girls. A nice bicycle, for either a boy or girl, and a silver watch, for either a boy or girl, are offered as prizes.

To the boy or girl who brings to THE TRIBUNE the greatest number of subscribers by April 1st, 1897, THE TRIBUNE will give a bicycle. To the one who brings the greatest number of subscribers by April 1st, 1897, THE TRIBUNE will give a silver watch.

Each name must be accompanied by 50 cents to pay for one month's subscription, but subscriptions for a longer time will count as more names. For instance, a subscription for $1 00 (two months) will count as two names; $1 50 for three months, will count as three names, etc.

Every boy and girl can't get a prize, when only two prizes are offered, so THE TRIBUNE will pay all who work, if they don't win a prize. On all subscriptions secured THE TRIBUNE will pay ten per cent. So your work and time will not be for nothing.

Now here is your chance. Get to work and earn a bicycle or a watch—anyhow earn money. It will take a little time and work and patience. If you are going to school, work after school.

Call at THE TRIBUNE office, on Fayetteville Street near the capitol, and get receipt blanks.

Everybody has heard of THE TRIBUNE It is a bright 8 page paper, printing all the local and telegraphic news., and is the best paper ever printed in Raleigh

Subscription prices—50c a month; $1 for two months; $1 50 for three months; $3 for six months, and $6 for one year.

At the Governor's Office.

Gov. Daniel Lindsay Russell remained at the mansion yesterday. A constant stream of visitors poured into the Executive office to pay their congratulations or to ask favors, bus they were received by Secretary Alexander and not the Governor. However, Mr. Alexander greeted them in such a charming and graceful manner that all left in a good humor.

One man actually remarked that he wished Mr. Alexander was the Governor, but of course no reflection was intended on His Excellency. One old brother, it is needless to say, has never seen Governor Russell, even after he came from the office refused to believe that Mr. Alexander was not that much saught after man. Now don't let this put the gubernatorial bee buzzing in your head yet awhile, Bro. Alexander.

All agree that Gov. Russell made no mistake in the selection of his private secretary.

Mr. A. C. Lehman has been commissioned to take depositions in behalf of contestant Young in the Broughton-Young contest.

The Euch.e Club Meets.

Last night was the regular time for the Euchre Club. The club was entertained by Miss Blanche Blake, and all the members pronounced it one of the most charming evening's they have yet enjoyed. The ladies's prize was won by Miss Janie Andrews and the gentlemen's by Mr. Joe Marshall. Miss Ashe and Mr. Cuffford Carroll won the consilation prizes. The following young ladies compose the club: Misses Andrews, Ashe, Annie Busbee, Blake, Loulie Busbee, Dortch, Bigley, Grimes, Hicks, Hinsdale, Hoke, Nannie Jones, Mary Johnson, Simmons, Tucker, Shipp, Turner, Sophie Busbee, Haywood and Florrie Jones.

The Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The general treaty of arbitration between this country and Great Britain was read in Committee on Foreign Relations this morning and discussed informally. There was no suggestion as to the amendments, and at no time was there any disposition to take up the subject at today's session for serious discussion. It was decided that as the press had published the text of the convention, the injunction of secresy might as well be removed.

The treaty will probably remain in committee for several weeks. Cuba was not mentioned.

It's Getting Cold up North.

Ogdensburg, N Y., Jan. 13—The thermometer registered 16 degrees below zero this morning. The St. Lawrence is frozen over.

AN ENJOYABLE EVENT.

Many Prominent Colored Citizens Attend an Entertainment at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church.

An entertainment of unusual interest, and one which will be more pleasantly remembered by many of North Carolina's most prominent colored citizens, was that at St. Paul's African M. E Church last Tuesday evening.

The program was well rendered and most heartily received.

Among the most prominent visitors in attendance were the following: Rt. Rev. J W. Hood, of Fayetteville; Senator W. Lee Person, of Edgecombe; Hon. J. C. Dancy, of Salisbury; Dr. A. M. Moore, of Durham; Dr J. S. Williams, of Charlotte; Dr. P. N. Melchor, of Fayetteville; Dr. L. A. Scruggs, of Raleigh; Prof. S. G. Atkins, of Winston; Prof. A L. Sumner, of Goldsboro; Prof. C. N. Hunter, of Raleigh; W. W. Blair, of Edenton; H. C. Wright, of Duplin; A. J. Stanford, of Duplin, and Editor J. C. Scurlock, of Fayetteville.

Mr. James O. Mitchell was master of ceremonies, and superintended the rendition of the program.

Among the musical features of the entertainment were a vocal duet, by Misses M. M. and I. Smith; a solo, by Miss M. Magdalon Smith; an instrumental solo, by Miss M. S Crowder and Miss G. Elizabeth Leak

There were select readings by M. B Gorham and Miss S A. Upperman. And Hon J. C. Dancy and Senator W Lee Person, of Edgecombe county, delivered addresses

The Populists Caucus Again.

The minority gathered in the Representatives' Hall as usual, while the majority held fourth in the Senate Chamber

The minority caucus was presided over by Senator McCaskey. All the faction were present except two, who are confined to their rooms by sickness. No one except members of the Legislature was present. Nearly an hour was spent in informal remarks by different members No new developments took place. The trend of all said was that they would never go back to the majority under the conditions imposed on them. There was no dissent from this view; the minority faction stand just where they did Monday night.

The attendance in the majority was about as usual. Senator Atwater, of Chatham, presided. The former caucuses have been so informal that there was considerable disagreement about the report of the previous meeting. Mr. Ayer and Mr. Otho Wilson were present. No disposition was shown to yield anything on the position they have taken towards the minority faction, viz: That the minority will be welcomed back if they will agree to be bound on all matters by a majority vote of the Populist caucus. Speeches were made by Mr. Wilson and others, after which a conference committee with the Republicans was appointed.

This Committee is composed of Messrs. Clark, Dixon of Green, Whitener, Person of Wilson, and Johnson. I happens that the minority faction have a majority of the conference committee first appointed by the Populist caucus when the Legislature organized. This committee, appointed by the majority caucus last night, is mainly for the purpose of ascertaining which conference committee the Republicans will recognize—the former one, the majority of whom are now bolters and do not, it is claimed, represent the regular Populist caucus, or whether they will recognize the committee appointed last night by the majority faction of that party.

A rumor spread last night that five of the members of the minority faction left their caucus and marched over into the majority caucus. However, this report was traced and discovered to be without foundation. Those in the minority meeting denied it, and the members of the majority faction said if any did come from the other side they entered so softly and remained so quiet that their presence was never known.

A DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

They Met In ths State Library—No Action Taken—They Saw No Chance to Cut any Figure in the Senatorial Contest.

There was a caucus of Democratic Senators and Representatives in the State Library apartments about 8:30 o'clock last night. The meeting was presided over by Chairman Ray, and there was a good majority of the twenty-six Democratic members of the Legislature in attendance.

The caucus was only in session a very short time. Several members referred to it as "a little love feast."

One member said there was not a motion put before the caucus except to adjourn. There was an informal discussion of the general situation, all in a conversational way.

There was considerable discussion of the Senatorial situation; but it was plainly the consensus of opinion that Pritchard was far ahead in the race, and that there was no hope for Democrats to have any say in the choice of Senator by alliance with the majority faction of the Populists.

Raleigh Markets.

TOBACCO.

Market very quiet since Christmas; demand holds steady, but supply is rather light, largely on account of dry weather.

Fillers	Common	$ 1 00 to 3 00
	Medium	3 00 to 5.00
	Good	5.00 to 7.00
Lugs	Common	2.00 to 4 00
	Medium	4 00 to 5 00
	Good	5 00 to 7.00
Cutters	Common	7.00 to 9.00
	Medium	9 00 to 11.00
	Good	11 00 to 13.00
	Fine	14.00 to 22.00
Strips	Common	4.00 to 6.00
	Medium	6.00 to 10.00
	Good	10.00 to 15 00
	Fine	15.00 to 20.00
Wrappers	Common	10.00 to 12.00
	Medium	12.00 to 15.00
	Good	15.00 to 28 00
	Fine	28.00 to 40.00

COTTON.

Market extremely quiet; demand good, but sales lighter than in many years for January. The explanation is that the cotton is not in the country. The crop was unusually early.

Strict good middling	7
Good middling	6⅞
Strict middling	6¾
Middling	6⅝

Receipts on market yesterday 22 bales.

A LOOKER-ON.

AN OBSERVER OF PASSING LEGISLATORS

On the Day of the Inauguration of Gov. Russell.

Representative Sutton, of New Hanover county, is a prominent young member of the House. He is a strong figure in the political arena of his county, and was the law partner at Wilmington of Governor Russell. He has introduced quite a number of important bills and resolutions before the House.

Spencer Blackburn, the handsome young Representative from Ashe, is a great favorite with the ladies, and many an admiring eye followed the figure of the gay debonair lad yesterday during inauguration.

The arrival of the Governor at the capitol Monday was a scene that will long be remembered by the thousands of people present. Governor Russell in his quiet dignity of manner was the cynosure of all eyes.

The press was well represented in the legislative halls Monday by prominent newspaper men. Those present were Col. F. A. Olds, one of the best known correspondents in the State; Mr. Martin, representing THE TRIBUNE; Josephus Daniels, of the News and Observer; Walter Hildebrand, of the Citizen at Asheville.

Senator John F. Newsome, the Populist member from the 1st district, is a strong member of the Senate, and he is a man of much power in the Populist party.

Representative E V. Cox, of Pitt county, said of THE TRIBUNE yesterday: "I think it has a bright future before it, and should receive the unanimous and hearty support of the Republican party." He made his statement good by subscribing for three copies to be sent to his friends. This is the kind of support that will make THE TRIBUNE a success.

J. Will Roberts, from Madison county, is a young Republican member, who received a majority vote of 976

Senator W. W. Rollins, of Asheville, is a prominent figure in the lobbies of the capitol and is doing much work for his party.

On Saturday last Senator Chapin, of Harnett, introduced a resolution in the House to pay the expenses of the Arrington Committee, which were incurred during the Legislature of 1895 which, through an error in THE TRIBUNE was credited to Representative White, of Alamance.

Doorkeeper Halliburton, of the Senate, is making many friends by the able manner in which he attends to the duties pertaining to his office.

Representative Hare is seriously thinking of taking out a large life insurance policy. His friends have given him the charming name of "Rabbit."

THE TRIBUNE was much in evidence at the capitol yesterday, and many members were seen reading the bright paper, which is receiving much support and many words of praise from the most prominent Republicans in the Assembly.

Just after Governor Russell had taken the oath of office, one of the attendants stepped up and presented him with a magnificent bouquet, tied with dainty ribbons of white and blue color. The gallant Governor received it with a pleasant bow of acknowledgement, and then began to read his inaugural address, which was received with much applause by those in attendance. Republicans, Populists and Democrats included could not refrain from giving the magnificent speaker the applause he so well deserved.

A very pleasant feature of the inaugural festivities was the presence of Mrs. Daniel Lindsay Russell, the handsome wife of our esteemed Governor, whose pride could be plainly observed as she sat in the gallery with admiring eyes cast upon her noble husband, as he delivered his address and received the well merited applause of his admirers. It was a pleasant hour to the charming woman.

REGISTER OF DEEDS OFFICE

Being Much Improved—The Apartment Divided—Mr. Williams' Pretty Flowers.

The office of Register of Deeds J. J Rogers, at the court house, is being very much improved. A screen, with lattice blinds, and swinging door, is being constructed across the room so as to cut off the section occupied by the clerks, and provide a lobby in front. A stove has been placed in the clerks' apartment.

The occasion for this change is that, especially during the sessions of Wake Court, people go in in such crowds as to greatly interfere with the labors of the office force and cut them off from access to the grate fire. Hereafter the lobby will be set aside for loafers, and the clerks will have the sole benefit of a good stove

Mr. Williams, of the clerical force, has quite a pretty collection of pot flowers, occupying stands in front of two of the most sunny windowe.

NEW ALLIANCES.

The Outgoing and Incoming Officers vs. Trade.

The officers who are relinquishing their jobs and the new lot coming in have their appreciable effect on trade in Raleigh. Those who have been here have formed friendships and business alliances, and have bought their goods at certain stores, and the tradesmen could court on so much per month. The incoming officials can buy where they wish, as a matter of course, and may throw their trade in an entirely different channel.

One merchant has had about $1 200 worth of trade each month from the State officials. It may be he will lose by the change. Others will be the gainers, however. But all the enterprising business men will cater for the trade of the new officials

Now's the time to advertise in THE TRIBUNE.

Local News.

The 11:26 north bound S A. L mail was seven hours late yesterday. A special train was made up here and sent North at 11:35. The delay was said to be caused by an overturned box car on the track somewhere in South Carolina.

The Park Hotel has been crowded to overflowing for the past few days. A frequent remark of Clerk Brown is "I can feed you but I can't give you a place to sleep"

The prayer meetings in the city were very slimly attended last night. In fact at some of the churches there was no quorum and so adjurned.

Vienna, Jan. 13 —The Fremdenblatt in its comments upon the general arbitration treaty just concluded between the United States and Great Britain, says it is most gratifying and important that within a year after a sharp difference between the countries, such a treaty should have been signed. The Neue Freie Press says: The news is joyfully echoed throughout the civilized world.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect November 15, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 2, Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	7:50 a m
Ar Fayetteville	11:00 a m
Lv. Fayetteville	11:21 a m
Lv. Fayetteville Junction	11:27 a m
Lv. Sanford	1:00 p m
Lv. Climax	2:50 p m
Ar. Greensboro	3:18 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:25 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	4:10 p m
Ar. Walnut Cove	4:35 p m
Lv. Walnut Cove	4:38 p m
Lv. Rural Hall	5:10 p m
Ar. Mt. Airy	6:35 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 1, Daily.
Lv. Mt. Airy	8:40 a m
Lv. Rural Hall	10:04 a m
Lv. Walnut Cove	10:32 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Greensboro	11:55 a m
Lv. Greensboro	12:10 p m
Lv. Climax	12:41 p m
Ar. Sanford	2:35 p m
Lv. Sanford	2:55 p m
Ar. Fayetteville Junction	4:12 p m
Ar. Fayetteville	4:18 p m
Lv. Fayetteville	4:35 p m
Ar. Wilmington	7:45 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 4, Daily.
Lv. Bennettsville	3:30 a m
Ar. Maxton	9:40 a m
Lv. Maxton	9:50 a m
Lv. Red Springs	10:08 a m
Lv. Hope Mills	11:01 a m
Ar. Fayetteville	11:19 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 3, Daily.
Lv. Fayetteville	4:28 p m
Lv Hope Mills	4:42 p m
Lv. Red Springs	5:36 p m
Ar. Maxton	6:09 p m
Lv. Maxton	6:17 p m
Ar. Bennettsville	7:25 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 16, Mixed. Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv. Ramseur	6:45 a m
Lv. Climax	8:35 a m
Ar. Greensboro	9:20 a m
Lv. Greensboro	9:35 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Madison	11:55 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 15, Mixed. Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv. Madison	12:30 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	1 28 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:20 p m
Lv. Climax	4:15 p m
Ar. Ramseur	6:00 p m

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville, with Atlantic Coast Line for all points north and east; at Sanford, with the Seaboard Air-Line; at Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company; at Walnut Cove, with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem.

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points north and east; at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points south; at Maxton, with the Seaboard Air-Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south and southwest.

J. W. FRY, Gen. Mgr. W. E. KYLE, Gen. Pass Agt.

S. A. L.

VESTIBULE LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, NORFOLK, RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, NEW YORK

Schedule in Effect November 1st, 1896

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH

1:26 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Henderson, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points north. Buffet drawing-room sleepers and day coaches Atlanta to Washington, parlor cars Washington to New York. Pullman sleeping car Monroe to Portsmouth. Arrives at Washington 10:05 a. m., Baltimore 12 noon, Philadelphia 2:05 p. m., New York 4:53 p. m. Also Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point and local stations Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad.

11:31 A. M. DAILY.

For Henderson, Weldon, Soa, Portsmouth, Norfolk and intermediate stations, connects at Portsmouth for Bay Line for Old Point and Baltimore with Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company for Washington; N. Y. P. & N. Railroad for Philadelphia and points north; also at Weldon with Atlantic Coast line for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and with Scotland Neck Branch for Greenville, Washington and Portsmouth.

Pullman sleeping car Atlanta to Portsmouth.

6:00 P. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Southern Pines, Hamlet, Wilmington, Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby, Chester, Clinton, Greenwood, Asheville, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbia, Macon, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and all points south and southwest through Pullman Buffet sleepers and day coaches Washington and Atlanta, connecting directly at Union depot, Atlanta with diverging lines; also Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Monroe.

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

For Wilmington, Charlotte, Chester, Greenwood, Athens, Atlanta and all intermediate stations. Connects at Union station, Atlanta, with diverging line Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Atlanta.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

From Norfolk, Portsmouth and points north via Bay Line and N. Y. P. & N. Railroad, Petersburg, Richmond and Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston; also from Greenvills, Plymouth, Washington, N. C., and Eastern Carolina points via Weldon.

1:21 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule from Atlanta and points south, Atlanta, Abbeville, Greenwood and Chester.

11:26 A. M. DAILY.

From Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and intermediate stations.

5:55 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" from Norfolk, Portsmouth, Henderson, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the east.

Magnificent Pullman vestibuled trains. No extra fare.

Apply to ticket agent, or to

H. S. LEARD, Sol. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
V. E. McBEE, General Superintendent.

RALEIGH STATIONERY CO.,

Manufacturing Stationers.

Headquarters for Stationery, Office and School Supplies a Specialty.

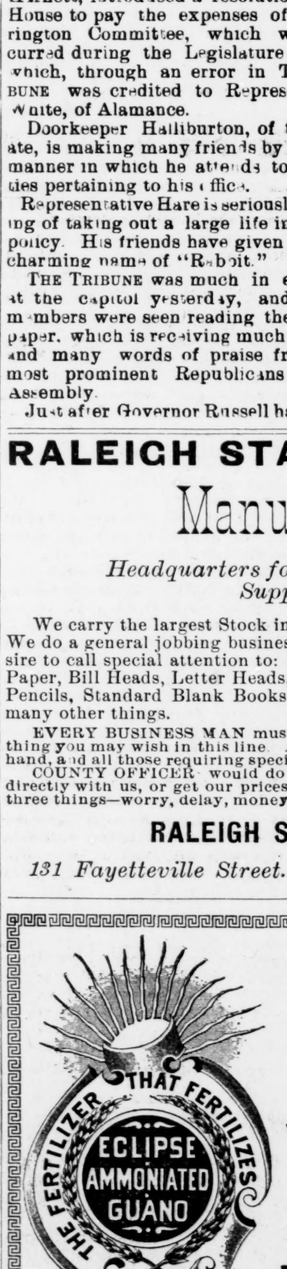
We carry the largest Stock in the State. Our prices are the lowest in the State. We do a general jobbing business as well as retail. There are some things we desire to call special attention to: Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, Writing Paper, Box Paper, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements and Envelopes, Pens and Pencils, Standard Blank Books, Cash Books, Toilet Paper, Inks, Mucilage and many other things.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN must have Blank Books, and we are able to furnish anything you may wish in this line. A very large stock of all the standard books always on hand, and all those requiring special ruling or printing made on short notice.

COUNTY OFFICER would do well by themselves and by us, to place their orders directly with us, or get our prices before buying elsewhere. By so doing we save you three things—worry, delay, money.

RALEIGH STATIONERY COMPANY,

131 Fayetteville Street. *W. G. SEPARK, Manager.*



HOME-MADE FERTILIZERS!

They are Good! Better!! Best!!!

Eclipse Amoniated Guano.
Caraleigh Special Tobacco Guano.
Crown Brand Ammoniated Guano.
Sterling High-Grade Acid Phosphate, and others.

Caraleigh Phosphate and Fertilizer Works

RALEIGH, N. C.

SKIES TO THE PRICES HIGH

WE SELL DOWN LOW

THERE IS NOT A THING

In our store that can be beat in quality or price in the State. You know our store is large and well filled. We take great pleasure in showing our large stock catalogue. Mailed on application.

ROYALL & BORDEN

THE FURNITURE LEADERS.

Fayetteville Street Entrance Through Stronach's Dry Goods Store, | Telephone No. 26

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

A DIFFERENT REFRACTION in the two eyes of the same person is quite common. One eye may be correct and the other long-sighted or far-sighted, or they may have different degrees of same defect or one eye may be far-sighted and the other near-sighted. No charge fortesting eyes.

H. MAHLER'S SONS,
Jewelers and Opticians,
RALEIGH, N. C.

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

BOYS AND GIRLS OF RALEIGH!

HERE'S A CHANCE FOR YOU!

DO YOU RIDE A WHEEL?

DO YOU WANT TO?

The Raleigh DAILY TRIBUNE Will Give a SPLENDID BICYCLE

TO SOME SMART, HUSTLING BOY OR GIRL.

It is not something you can get for nothing, but it will take some work, a little patience and a little time.

To the boy or girl who solicits and brings to this office the names of the greatest number of subscriptions by APRIL 1, 1897, THE TRIBUNE will give a

HANDSOME BICYCLE.

To the boy or girl who brings the second greatest number THE TRIBUNE will give

A SILVER WATCH.

THE CONDITIONS.

Each Name must be accompanied by Fifty Cents for one month's subscription. If a subscription is for three months, it will count as three names; for six months, six names, etc.

All subscriptions must be given to the office the day the party subscribes, so that the paper will start at once. Subscriptions out of the city count as well as in the city.

Those Who Wish to Compete

Can get blanks at **THE TRIBUNE** office, 122 Fayetteville Street. Call at any time—the earlier the better, so you will get started quick.

Ten Per Cent. of all subscriptions received by boys and girls, who do not get a prize, will be paid them, so

Their Work Will Not Be For Naught.

CRUISER MONTGOMERY

Strikes a Rock or a Submerged Wreck.

BUT DID NO SERIOUS DAMAGE.

A DIVER MADE EXAMINATION OF HER BOTTOM.

It Was a Bump, a Scare, and Everybody is Now Curious to Know What She Struck.

New York, January 13—The United States cruiser Montgomery met with an accident yesterday morning while rounding Governor's Island, sustaining damage to three port side plates and to a blade of her propeller. The cruiser was on her way to Hampton Roads to join the North Atlantic squadron with Capt. Bradford, a thoroughly experienced navigator in command. The cruiser was proceeding at a fair speed when a sudden shock startled those aboard. Two more violent bumps followed immediately and the alarm was at once sounded. Every man sprang to his post, the water tight doors between the compartments were closed and the engines stopped. Men sent below soon reported that the ship was not leaking.

Capt Bradford says he cannot imagine what the vessel struck. He says the ship was a safe distance from the Governor's Island shore, and sailing to the westward on a line with Castle William, and the barge office at the battery. The officers, assured that all was right, proceeded to Tompkinsville, where the vessel anchored for the night. Commodore Sicard, of the Brooklyn navy yard, was notified. Investigation of the ship's bottom by a diver showed that the plates over the port forward fire room, the middle fire room and the port engine room were dented fully a quarter of an inch. One of the propeller blades was bent, one nicked and in the engine room the cement under the engine was badly cracked. The Governor's Island here is noted for its rocks, and it is thought that one of the big boulders so numerous there may have become washed out to the channel. Several of the navy yard officials, however, expressed the opinion that the Montgomery perhaps hit an old submerged wreck. Soundings made today in the vicinity of the accident showed no depth less than eight fathoms. The Montgomery was ordered to return.

AT THE RACES.

To-day There Was a Large Crowd in Attendance.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 13—Favorable weather, warm and mild, drew out a large crowd today. A dead heat was run off, prolonging the sport to a late hour, with only two post favorites winning and the public loses on the day.

First race, selling, six furlongs—Alamo, 108, Gatewood 6, won; Katherine, second; Sim W., third. Time, 1:15½

Second race, for maidens, seven furlongs—Sir Fred, 105, C. Reiff, even, ran a dead heat with Heritage, 104, Scherer, 6 to 1; Virgie S, third. Time, 1:29½

Run off—Sir Fred 9 to 10, won. Time, 1:32.

Third race, selling, seven furlongs—Necedeah, 103, C. Reiff, 4 to 1, won; Countess Irma, second; R. O. Ban, third. Time, 1:29¼.

Fourth race, handicap, mile and a sixteenth—Viscount, 90; L. Burns, 10 to 1, won; Booze, second; Cotton King third. Time, 1:49¼

Fifth race, selling, six furlongs—D L, 91, L. Burns, 7 to 2, won; Galley West, second; Harry B., third. Time, 1:16

Sixth race, selling, six furlongs—Kruna, 86, Sanger, 8 to 5, won; Little Matt, second; Judge Bullock, third Time, 1:16¾

MORE FIGHTING.

Cubans Defeated and 710 Huts Destroyod.

Havana, Jan. 13—Official reports received here continue to detail skirmishes between the troops and bands of rebels in various parts of the island, in which the rebels are invariably beaten and their camps, huts, houses, infirmaries, provisions, munitions, etc., destroyed. These engagements have taken place in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana and Hatanas. A resume of the reports give a total of thirty five rebels killed, one wounded prisoner captured and 710 huts destroyed. The troops lost one killed and twenty wounded,

Remenyi, the famous virtuoso, is said to usually carry with him while on concert tours from twenty five to sixty superb violin bows. He has nearly a hundred—all of them of super excellent quality, and many of them inlaid with gold, pearl and other expensive ornaments. He seldom uses a bow more than three or four days and nights before it is discarded and sent to Paris to be re haired. The duty he pays on the return articles is no trifling sum, but the eccentricities of genius must be gratified.

AFTER THE FILIBUSTERS.

The Dauntless Held up and the Three Friends in Custody.

CAPT. HORR AND EX-U. S. MARSHAL

To Appear Before Judge Lock Instanter.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 13.—Collector of Customs C. R. Bisbee has received instructions from Washington to refuse clearance to the steamer Dauntless, the master of which has applied for a clearance for Nuevitas, Cuba, with a cargo of ammunition for the Cubans.

The order to the Collector is based upon the report of the last voyage of the Dauntless, as made by Capt. John Myers. The report is very unsatisfactory, as it does not state the name of the vessel to which the men and arms taken from No Name Key were transferred at sea.

The Dauntless is still in custody of an officer of the revenue cutter Boutwell, but has not yet been libeled for any violation of the neutrality or navigation laws of the United States.

The steamer Three Friends is still in the custody of the United States Marshal, and her owners have not yet applied for release on bond. Judge Locke's decision in the former libel is anxiously looked for.

The following from Key West shows that the grand jury is trying to get at the bottom of alleged filibustering trips of the Three Friends and other steamers supposed to be engaged in the business:

"Papers were served by Deputy Marshal Johnson and Capt. Horr, ex-Collector of this port, and Peter Williams ex-United States Marshal, to appear before Judge Locke, at Jacksonville, instanter, charged with implication in the filibustering expedition which landed in Cuba by the steamer Dauntless on the last trip.

"They are charged with taking arms and munitions of war from No Name Key in the tug Arab and transferring the same to the Dauntless."

Spooner the Republican Nominee.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 13—The Republican caucus which was scheduled for tomorrow eveng was held tonight instead and John C. Spooner was nominated for the United States Senate. No endorsement of H. C. Payne for a Cabinet position was made. It is understood, however, that some action on this line will be taken by the members individually.

Twenty Below Zero.

Saratoga, N. Y., Jan. 13—The thermometer registered the lowest temperature thus far this season in many places throughout this section last night. At Blue Mountain the thermometer indicated twenty degrees below; at Marion river, Carry, twenty three below; at Schoon lake, twenty, and at Warrensburg, twelve. At this point the lowest temperature indicated was ten balow.

Enormous London Fund.

London, Jan. 13—The fund for the relief of the sufferers by the famine in India, which was started a few days ago, by Mr. George Faudel Phillips, lord mayor of London, now amounts to 35 000 pounds. The largest subscription to the fund was that of Mr. Wm Waldorf Asror, who gave 2,000 pounds.

Ruled Off the Turf.

New York, Jan. 13.—Riley Grannan, the plunger, has failed on his application to make permanent his injunction restraining the Jockey Club from ruling him off the turf.

Justice Osborne, in Brooklyn, decided in favor of the Jockey Club today.

Masons Still in Session.

Last night the Grand Lodge met and elected officers for the year. The attendance was large, but many were prevented from out on account or the inclement weather. The session was protracted until a late hour, and the interest was intense. The following are the new officers: Grand Master, Walter E Moore, Western, N. C.; Deputy Grand Master, Dr. R. J. Noble, Selma, N. C.; Senior Grand Warden, B. S. Royster, Raleigh, N. C; Junior Grand Warden, Dr. H. I. Clark; Grand Treasurer, William Simpson, Raleigh, N. C.; Grand Secretary, John C. Drury, Raleigh, N C. The Grand Lodge will meet again this morning at ten o'clock, when the list of officers will be completed.

It is a remarkable fact that the disagreeable weather actually makes one of the sidewalks of our city better for walking than it is in fair weather. Such is the case with Wilmington street. A fellow could actually pass up and down it yesterday without having his coat tugged at every few steps by some one anxious to sell him a hat, a coat, a tin pan, apples, or some other indispensible article.

FOUR MEN BLOWN TO PIECES

By the Accidental Discharge of Powder.

Only Bunches of Human Flesh Found to Tell the Tale.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 13.—A special from Boulder, Colorado, says that four men were blown to pieces yesterday afternoon at Ward, a small mining camp, situated in the mountains twenty miles from Boulder. The killed are: John Glover, Dan Schrieber, T. A. DeGormo and Henry Glover. They were employed by the Adit Mining Company and death was due to the accidental discharge of thirty-five pounds of powder.

Between 2 and 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the men had finished drilling a round of holes they came out and, taking a box of giant powder, proceeded to load the holes. They carried the powder on an ore car to the place of operation, some 900 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. Five minutes after starting the car manager Daniels was startled by a terrific explosion. Men entered the tunnel and fifty feet from the breast of it they found a complete wreck, with remains of timber, iron work and bunches of human flesh, all scattered in the workings. As the exploring party proceeded, the horrible fate of the absentees was made apparent. Amid the pile of rock and timbers were the severed remains in a mass unrecognizable and impossible to join together. The only conclusion is that when the men reached the breast of the tunnel, one of them, in lifting the powder box from the car must have let it slip from his grasp and precipitated the explosion.

Geo. C. Perkins Elected U. S. Senator.

Sacramento, Cal., January 13.—Both houses of the Legislature met in joint session today and cast the formal ballot electing George C Perkins United States Senator. The proceedings were very brief.

Assigns.

Chicago, Ill., January 13—The Illinois and Wisconsin Lumber Company made assignment today to Charles B. Finn. The company has lumber lands over the State of Wisconsin. The assets are $100,000, liabilities about $60,000.

A Brute That Outraged and Murdered Nellie Smith.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 13.—Charles Taylor, a negro giant, confessed yesterday afternoon to having robbed, outraged and murdered Nellie Shipp, colored, aged 14. For fear of mob violence on the part of negroes, the prisoner was ordered removed to Lexington by Judge Williams, but Circuit Judge Cantrell, whose court was in session, hearing of the move, commanded that the negro be returned to the jail, and ordered the mayor and sheriff to protect him. Late last night Gov. Bradley took a hand in the affair and ordered the local militia on duty, with instructions to shoot if a mob appeared. None showed up, however.

Panama Scandal.

Paris. Jan. 13.—The inquiry into the question of the responsibility of the Panama Canal culprits for the fines imposed on them closed today. The tribunal decided that ex-Minister Baihaut, Charles De Lesseps and Blondy were responsible for the fine of 891 000 francs imposed upon Baihut in addition to a term of imprisonment for connection with the Panama scandal Baihaut was released from prison a few months ago, but on December 11th was re arrested, in order that he might serve two years additional imprisonment for failure to pay the fine. He is now in prison, where he will remain, and if they return to France, Blondy and De Lesseps will be put in jail.

Supreme Court.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 13—The following are to day's proceedings of the Supreme Court of Appeals:

Robertson vs. Smith and Fisher vs. White, argued by Wyndham R. Meredith, F. W. Caristian, Willoughby Newton and D. C. Richardson, and submitted.

Fuller vs. Conrae, argued by A. J. Montague, L. C. Berkeley, Jr., and Judge Berryman Green, and submitted.

The next cases to be called are Sherwood vs. Atlantic and Danville R. R. Co., on motion docket, and Drumright vs. Hite, No. 35 on argument docket.

Generous and Noble Example.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Commenting upon the conclusion of the general arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain the Eclair says: The United States and Great Britain present a generous and noble example, which deserves to be followed by European powers.

The Soliel expresses the opinion that the treaty was not inspired for the purposes of universal peace, but purely in Anglo Saxon interest.

German Contempt.

Berlin, Jan 13—All of the German newspapers, with the exception of the Radical organs, express contempt for the Olney Salisbury arbitration treaty

THE DAILY TRIBUNE

BY

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION:

Tribune Building, 122 Fayetteville Street.

TELEPHONE No. 265.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$6.00
Six Months	3.00
Three Months	1.50
One Month	.50

Invariably Payable in Advance.

Communications and items of news intended for publication in THE TRIBUNE should not be addressed to individual members of the staff, but simply to THE TRIBUNE, and must be accompanied by the writer's name.

Advertising rates made known on application at the business office.

Entered at the post-office at Raleigh as second-class mail matter.

UNION LABEL

The Only Paper in the State taking the full Southern Associated Press Dispatches.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1897.

SENATOR J. C. PRITCHARD.

We feel like complimenting Senator Pritchard. The poise of the man in the trying position in which circumstances and men have placed him is to be admired. Conscientious and consistent, there is a self-reliance and firmness of purpose in his attitude, utterances and general bearing to all men that mark him a man of no common mould. Self-possessed in moments of great trial, he seldom makes a mistake. Gentlemanly, courteous, considerate of others, he turns a dangerous point with skill and ease. Not that it does not require effort, quick and unerring judgment and prompt action, for it does. Hampered, harrassed, fondled and cajoled, he seldom loses his equipoise. No man, high or low, rich or poor, illiterate or scholastic, leaves his presence after an interview but carries with him pleasant memories, and what makes Senator Pritchard more charming, in a companionable way, is that he is a self-made man. Like Lincoln, Grant, Johnson and many other men who have left behind them glorious records, he sprang from the people—well-born but from humble life. It is a household word to say that Jeter C. Pritchard crossed the mountains between Tennessee and North Carolina a bare-footed boy, making his home in Madison county, North Carolina.

Among the high-peaked and rugged mountains the Senator has imbibed some of their grand and sturdy qualities, and from boy to manhood he has steadily climbed upward, until he has not only become the leader of the Republican party in North Carolina, but is a prominent national figure. When such statesmen as Sherman, Chandler and Proctor can accord to Mr. Pritchard his right to entertain his personal views upon the financial question and yet claim him as a leading party man, worthy of their highest consideration and encomiums, publicly declaring their desire to see him re-elected United States Senator, it is a compliment rarely extended to men. His sterling worth and admirable qualities are attributes that men admire. They know him and can trust him to act upon great and important questions, moving the personal rights of the man.

We have a profound admiration for a frank, open, manly man. Senator Pritchard has been all this, and under strange and trying circumstances, but it is only under difficulties that the qualities of men are brought to the knowledge of the world.

Delicate points have to be turned. The single miss-throw of the political dice would have sealed his and his party's fate, but, though there were dangers lying in the pathway, they were adroitly, but openly and above board avoided. Like the engineer, who holds within the grasp of the throttle many lives, and never taking his keen, watchful eye from the track before him, lands all on board in safety at their destinations. So, Pritchard run in safety the State into the Republican depot, without the loss of a man.

This man is one of nature's best specimens of manhood. It is such a man who is before the people, through their representatives, for re-election to the United States Senate.

There *cannot* be any question as to the attitude of the Republican representatives. To a man it ought to be understood, without a shadow of rumor, they would vote for Jeter C. Pritchard.

The agreement between the Populists and Republicans of 1894, and throughout the congressional and State campaigns, in almost every instance, is held to by at least 19 Populists, men who will stand firm for Pritchard. This combination assures Mr. Pritchard's election. Other combinations are trying to be formed. Democrats are industrious in creating disaffection in the Republican ranks. We know of none. We will not believe there is any. From the same source a rumor is circulated that the colored members were about to bolt. A letter to Senator Pritchard, signed by the colored Representatives and published in THE TRIBUNE of yesterday, put to sleep all such rumors.

Imported "influence" is in Raleigh, with or without money, to induce the Pritchard Populists to turn from him to some other man—but it will not avail.

These various rumors and attempted combines will fail—they must fail in right and justice to the man who best represents the interests of North Carolina—Jeter C. Prritchard.

HARRY SKINNER ON THE SITUATION.

In an interview with Mr. Harry Skinner yesterday evening, that gentleman indulges in a little political reminiscence, in which it is discovered that nearly every Populist for a long time who left the Democratic or any other party, and affiliated with Republicans, had been bought by somebody's money. It is Mark Hanna's now; but before Hanna became several times over a multi-millionaire and Chairman of the National Executive Committee, the money came from some other great political philanthropist.

It seems from Mr. Skinner's remarks that he asked the *News and Observer* to play the part of interviewer, but when the editor of that paper learned what Harry had to say, he declined to interview that gentleman. The "stuff" was too hot, so to speak, and told too many blistering truths.

Mr. Skinner says the *Progessive Farmer* is an ally and assistant of the *News and Observer* to defeat Pritchard. In other words, they are "cheek by jowl."

When Mr. Polk was alive—the father of Populism in this State—the Democrats, and some people who professed to be Populists, accused him of being in the pay of the Republicans. Skinner says he knows there charges to be false; that Polk didn't have money enough when he died to pay for a very cheap headstone to his grave.

When Butler made his campaign in 1894, the Democrats said the Republicans paid his expenses. They charge that Watson is influenced by a corrupt bargain to give him a seat in Congress. They turned their smut machine on Mr. Ramsey, and charged that it was the use of money that influenced him to support the middle-of-the-road ticket at St. Louis.

Mr. Skinner says these political gunners turned their battery also on S. Otho Wilson, charging that gentleman with being loaded down with Hanna's money in order to make co-operation perfect; and, of course, they charged our worthy Governor also with using corrupt means to secure his nomination.

Mr. Skinner indulges in these reminiscences for the purpose of showing that the charges now being made that the 19 Populists who bolted Butler's caucus are bought with Hanna's money, is made of the same cloth as the charges against the above-named gentlemen. Mr. Skinner emphatically denies the use of money in any form; but read his interview. It's good reading and information.

THE versatility of some newspaper writers is calculated to attract widespread noteriety. A draft upon the brains of such fellows seldom go to protest, but are often worthless.

GETTING TOGETHER.

GOVENOR RUSSELL can take no exception to the *News and Observer's* editorial commenting upon his inaugural address, coming as it does from a bitter partisan newspaper. The only thing that seems to come in between the new Governor and the editor of the *News and Observer* is the negro, the editor contending that the Governor was particularly strong in the negro's favor, and the *News and Observer* wants it particularly understood that it is strong for the white man and very weak for the negro. Or, in other words, the *News and Observer* wants to let its readers understand it is in favor of a white man's supremacy, and has no earthly use for the negro except as a "hewer of wood and drawer of water," etc.

We are glad to see that the Governor has made a happy hit in capturing our esteemed contemporary. It will make, if the *News and Observer* really means what it says and implies, the effort of the Governor, THE TRIBUNE and the Republican party easy to accomplish a successful administration.

It is not often that a bitter Democratic partisan falls into Republican ways of thinking, but miracles have happened, and why not again? But with it all the colored brother splits and spoils the harmony, and becomes such a nightmare in the mind of the *News and Observer* that all other issues become insignificant, and are to be treated as a secondary consideration.

By the way, we notice in the editorial of the same paper that it attempts to apologize for the Governor by remarking: "There is an intimation in his message that would indicate that as Governor he would recommend a change in his former views" (as to the negro). We are glad to announce this favorable change in our esteemed contemporary, and predict that there will be much harmony all round.

GOV. RUSSELL—MARSH. MOTT.

The *News and Observer* yesterday said that Marsh. Mott was a probable candidate for the United States Senatorship, and that Gov. Russell would give him his support in the event he became a candidate.

Maj. H. L. Grant was seen by a TRIBUNE representative in regard to the matter and asked if there was any truth in the statement. The Major promptly replied that he had seen Gov. Russell, and that the Governor flatly denied the report, and stated that he was in favor of the re-election of Senator Pritchard, and that it was the duty of all Republicans to stand by the nominee of the caucus. Maj. Grant also said that Mr. Mott was not a candidate, but that he favored Senator Pritchard for re-election.

This effort on the part of Democrats and others to circulate such stuff is worthy of the record they have made in misrepresentation, especially in the matter of the United States Senatorship. There has gone out of Raleigh numerous false reports of like character. Here is a sample of them, which we find in the *Wilmington Star:*

There seems to be a "plan on foot" to send Russell to the Senate in Pritchard's place and make Reynolds Governor. This movement will probably be accomplished by forming a "dead lock" in the Legislature and running Russell in as a "dark horse."

The Governor has given the lie to the report in what he said to Maj. Grant. Neither Marsh Mott nor Gov. Russell is a candidate for Senator by their own declarations, and our contemporary can now have an opportunity to play the manly part and give publication to the denial as freely as it gave the report.

EX-GOV. ALTGELD, of anarchistic fame, at the inauguration of Gov. Tanner, of Illinois, was prepared with a 4,000-word address to harangue the Republican crowd, but he didn't harangue a little bit. When he attempted to speak, the crowd "sat down" on him, metaphorically speaking, and it is said that the sarcastic expression on his face as he left the platform was much like those on the faces of the statue caricatures in *Leslies' Weekly* during the campaign—hidiously repulsive.

THE TRIBUNE.

Monday morning the people began to come in droves into THE TRIBUNE'S counting rooms to subscribe for the paper. We looked for a generous response upon the issuance of the initial number Sunday morning, but we confess, with pride, that our most optimistic calculations were wholly eclipsed by the reality.

We, the writer, have not been able to get the number that have voluntarily subscribed in the last three days, but they are running close up into four figures.

We have been pleased with the many compliments spoken and written as congratulating us upon the style, etc., of the paper, all of which we appreciate. But the ducats! Ah! there is the rub. We smile and bow our best over the good things as they fall from the lips of our flattering friends, but as the jingle of the silver dollars and the rattle of the crisp treasury notes fall upon our ears we confess we have discovered we have a fondness for the "filthy lucre," especially since we have been informed by the business manager that there are expenses and expenses. But, seriously, we are surprised, agreeably surprised, at the generous response to our effort to give Raleigh and the State of North Carolina a metropolitan newspaper.

We are now convinced that we know what the people want, and we shall give it to them. We are also convinced that our city circulation is going to be very large.

Our circulator will call upon the people systematically within the coming weeks, and we feel assured he will be kindly received and substantially remembered.

HOW!

The Durham *Daily Sun* of Tuesday has a few plain words addressed to the citizens of that beautiful, thriving town—words of wisdom, and words that fit in wherever the subject is introduced—Raleigh or elsewhere:

How can I help Durham to grow!

That is now a very important question, and every one should seek to answer it in a practical way. The man who will complain, run down the town and every business in it, has solved the problem to his own hurt. He is not going to do much town building, and does not offer encouragement to others. He is a wet blanket on hopes and efforts.

Another man can do much by putting more life and activity in his business Talk cheerfully; get out and induce people to come here and trade. Offer outsiders inducements. Pull together—not pull apart. All business men would do more if they would awake to the necessity of keeping their business before the public in their town papers. That makes business. You never hear a constant and persistent advertiser always growling and complaining. He catches favorable winds at all times. Use your papers freely—circulate them, and let them talk for you.

Others can speak words of encouragement and be prompt with their accounts—paying a little on them often, if not all at one time. This will beget a spirit of good feeling, and when you get such a spirit abroad in a community you have started that community on the road to greater success.

There is a great deal in business men of a town getting in touch with one another in devising ways and means for the betterment of their town.

THE New York *World* is nothing unless it is "cheeky"—with a cheek of a brass monkey. It says that the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain "is the culmination of the advocacy by the *World* for the peaceful settlement of all controversies between the two nations." Shades of the departed Gresham! What would that distinguished jurist and Secretary of State think if he could rise up and read this self-laudation. Why, this was Gresham's pet scheme, handed down to him by the Gladstone of America when on earth—James G. Blaine. It is enough to make Gresham turn over in his grave, if there is anything left to turn over.

As a literary production, Gov. Russell's inaugural address will take rank among modern classics. For boldness of utterance few State papers surpass it. The line which the Governor has chalked out will require keen-edged tools with which to smooth all four sides of the administration log.

THE Dem-Pops.—the anties—hasn't had a caucus for twenty-four hours. What's the matter? Have they heard of Tom Watson's coming?

PREJUDICES PASSING AWAY.

"We have profited much in the way of industrial development by the money of non-residents. We ask for more, and we promise for it as complete security and protection as is or can be given by any State of this Republic. The prejudices and passions engendered by civil conflict are passing away. North Carolina is the first Southern State to break the lines of political sectionalism. Her people, taken as a whole, are loyal to the Union and the Constitution, and as faithful to the flag as any other people within the boundaries of the Nation. There is not an anarchist in all her borders. We welcome all men and women of good morals and manners to come within our boundaries and join with us in working towards the splendid destiny of our old Commonwealth. We will receive them as friends and brothers, to be treated like ourselves, and not as strangers and aliens, to be tolerated or patronized. Let us labor to show them a State with a school system like unto those of New England and the Northwest, and a code of just and equal laws, so administered as to make life and person and property as secure, and peace and order as prevalent as in the State whose ruling elements point with pride to the institutions, the manners, the achievements, the morality, the religion and the glories of the Puritan."

We take the above from Gov Russell's inaugural address. These are words of wisdom and words calculated to encourage, not only the man from the North—who has made the Old North State his home, but gratifying to that large class of native-born whose prejudices have largely died out. It has the right ring, and scattered broadcast throughout the North, East and West will do great good to this people.

These prejndices, engendered by the act, of and the result of the war, were calculated to arouse bitter feelings, and these were indulged in for many years after the great struggle, and it has been hard to get rid of them; but the past decade has wraught a change most favorable towards the brotherhood of mankind, and with few exceptions a Northern man is as welcome, and made to feel that welcome, as the Southern man. The South every year is becoming more and more cosmopolitan and less traditional.

It is the dawning of brighter prospects, with assurances of glittering possibilities, that encourages Governor Russell, and all others desirous of bettering the condition of the State, to utter such assuring words for those to read who still believe there is antagonism to the man or woman coming here from the Northland.

We hope the Legislature will take cognizance of these words of the Governor.

THE rumor that the Cuban insurgents are making preparation to negotiate with Spain for peace is not true. It is reported by those on the scene of action that they are more hopeful than ever. Weyler's butcheries and burning of towns, while terrible, do not dishearten the patriots.

THE meaning, in a nut shell, of the arbitration between America and Great Britain, is that they have finally put aside all idea of war between the two great English-speaking nations. No more brutal wars to settle controversies, but instead settle difference, by law and conscientiousness methods.

WE have often observed that when a man is beaten in any race, it was he that roared the loudest. The other fellow didn't have to. That is the situation the *Progressive Farmer* man is in at this time with his nineteen Populist brethren. The nineteen laugh while the *Farmer* man cusses.

WOLCOTT, in London, is quite a lion. He is an accredited American citizen with a mission, and the bigwigs (bimetallist) fairly smother him with honors. Ambassador Bayard, who stands extraordinarily well with the aristocracy of England, has the Senator in tow.

GOV. RUSSELL'S individuality will go a long ways in sustaining the dignity of the office of Governor. Strangers will be most favorably impressed.

WHAT a pity Altgeld was snubbed. He is old enough to have known better, but he was fool enough to run his neck into a noose and the boys choked him.

IT'S Gov. Russell now, if you please.

WORDS OF COMMENDATION.

From the Asheville Citizen.

The first issue of the RALEIGH TRIBUNE, the new Republican daily, is neat and newsy, and promises to make the State capital more interesting than formerly, at least from a political point of view.

From the News and Observer.

Our Republican morning contemporary THE RALEIGH TRIBUNE appeared Sunday. It is a large and handsomely printed 8-page paper, chock full of news, bright locals, and a solid page of editorial matter. It deserves the united support of the Republican party. It advocates the gold standard, champions the election of Senator Pritchard, and stands squarely upon the Republican platform. Its staff is composed of journalists of large experience.

From the Hillsboro Observer.

THE RALEIGH TRIBUNE, the new Republican daily, was issued for the first time last Sunday. It makes a splendid beginning, is well-edited, full of news, is neatly printed, and deserves success.

From the Raleigh Press-Visitor.

Our new contemporary, THE TRIBUNE gets brighter and better with each issue. It is by far one of the newsiest, one of the best printed and one of the most attractive daily papers in typographical get-up of any paper ever published in the State.

Gov. Russell must have appreciated very highly the reception tendered him by the Capital Club last night. The News and Observer makes the surprising statement that "this is the first reception that the club has ever given the Governor of the State upon his inauguration."—Wilmington Star.

And what is still more surprising to a man up a tree, is that there were only two Republican members in the club. It goes to show the broad-mindedness of the large number of Democratic members. When a vote was taken at a full meeting of the club tendering the reception, there was not a dissenting voice. We are whole-souled, generous, tolerant people in Raleigh.

MARK HANNA

Threatened With a Break Down. Advised to Take a Rest.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan 13.—Mark is on the verge of a break down. He denies that he is suffering from anything but a severe cold, but his friends are worried about him, and are constantly advising him to take a rest. It is a fact that only his indomitable will-power has carried him through his work the last week. He had made up his mind to go to Thomasville, Ga., for a rest, and then he changed it and said he would stick to the field until his work was was done.

Fred Sutherland Arrested.

New York, Jan. 13.—Captain O'Brien, of the detective bureau, today received word from Chief of Police Gaster, of New Orleans, of the arrest there of Frederick Sutherland, who is under indictment here on a charge of grand larceny. Sutherland was formerly employed as bookkeeper by Wm. P. Baker, a wholesale grocer, and is 30 years old. His uncle is superintendent of a street railway at Jacksonville.

A Cuban Filibuster Arrested.

Wilmington, Del., Jan. 13.—The grand jury in the United States Court found a true bill this afternoon against Capt. Edward Murphy. He is charged with having taken a filibustering party to Cuba on the steamer Laurada last summer. Murphy was recently wrecked on the steamer Commodore off the Florida coast.

A Narrow Escape.

Fredericksburg, Va., Jan. 13.—The cook of Judge Wm. S. Barton this morning discovered that rough on rats had been placed by some one in all the food of the family breakfast. Had the food been prepared and served it is probable the whole family would have been poisoned. It is thought that the poison was put there by the cook's husband.

Secretary Settling Bills.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The Secretary of the Navy made the fourth payment to the Newport News Company on the battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky, and the fifteenth payment to Lewis Nixon, of Elizabethport, on the gunboat Annapolis.

Naval Orders.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The following naval orders were issued today: Surgeon A. C. H. Russell ordered to the Lancaster on the South Atlantic station by steamer of January 27; Lieutenant C. E. Vreeland to the Massachusetts.

Death of Judge Merrick.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 13.—Judge E. T. Merrick, ex-Chief Justice of Louisiana Supreme Court, and one of the best known lawyers in the South, is dead.

HAD NOTHING TO DO.

Time Hung Heavy on Senators' Hands Yesterday.

HOUSE MORE INDUSTRIOUS

Passed Several Bills of Local Interest.

MOVE FOR LOWER SALARIES.

Bills Introduced—Reports of Standing Committees—Senators Want Statute Books—Hall of House to be Swept and Garnished.

Lieutenant Governor Reynolds rapped the Senate to order at 10:30 yesterday morning and called upon Senator Utley to conduct the devotional exercises. The Senator invoked the Divine blessing upon the newly inaugurated State officers and added impressively: "God bless North Carolina."

The introduction of bills and resolutions being in order, the following were presented::

Mr. Clark—Bill to relieve the people of North Carolina by establishing passenger, telegraph and telephone rates.

Mr. Person—Bill to charter the Tar River Bank of Rocky Mount.

Mr. Ashburn—Bill to amend the school law.

Mr. Clark—Bill to establish an uniform standard of time for the State.

Mr. Justice—Bill to repeal chapter 316 of the Private Laws of 1895, relating to Hickory Creek Gap Turnpike Company.

Mr. Person—Joint resolution to set times and places for hearings before standing committees.

Mr. McNeill—Bill to incorporate Stone Main Railway Company.

Mr. Hyatt—Bill to amend section 1005 of The Code.

Mr. McNeill—Bill to prevent the sale of concealed weapons.

Mr. Anthony—Bill to regulate registration fees in relation to crop liens.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Yeager.

Mr. Geddie was added to the Committee on Insane Asylums.

Mr. Dixon was added to the Committee on Public Roads.

Mr. Sharpe, of Iredell, was added to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Lyon was added to the Committee on Insane Asylums.

Mr. Anderson, from the Committee on Corporations, reported bills as follows:

To incorporate the town of Wilbanks, Wilson county. Recommending its passage.

To amend the charter of Saluda, Polk county. Recommending its passage.

Upon motion of Mr. Moye, the bill to incorporate the town of Wilbanks was taken up under a suspension of the rules, and passed its second reading. The bill provides for incorporating a town to extend one mile in each direction from its center. It is to be governed by a mayor and three commissioners, and to have a constable to preserve the peace, and until an election is held, Mr. John H. Robbins is to be mayor.

The Saluda bill was called up under a a suspension of the rules, but the point being made that notice had not been given by advertisement, it was referred back to the Judiciary Committee to be held until the statutory requirement is complied with. The bill provides for changing the annual election from May to August, and conform the voting qualifications to the provisions of The Code.

Mr. McCarthy introduced a resolution to authorize the Judiciary Committee to employ a clerk. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Scales offered a resolution requiring the door-keeper to provide twelve copies of The Code, and the same number of the Acts of each session of the General Assembly since 1883 for the use of Senators. Adopted.

Adjourned until twelve o'clock today.

HOUSE.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning the House was called to order by Speaker Hileman and prayer was offered by Representative B. F. Dixon, of Cleveland.

The Journal of the previous day's session was read up to the joint session of the House and Senate, whereupon Mr. Cook, of Warren, moved to dispense with the remaining portion and leave it for the inspection of a proper committee. There was some objection, but the Speaker ruled in accordance with Mr. Cook's motion.

It was brought to the attention of the Speaker that he had announced the opening prayer on Tuesday by Mr. Green, when in reality it was by Mr. Long, of Green county. The minutes were so changed.

Leaves of absence were granted Representatives Foster, of Rockingham; Morton, of Richmond; Price, of Union; Person, of Wayne; Pool, of Pasquotank, Umpstead, of Duplin, and Dudcan, of Carteret. A number of these were reported unwell.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Under the head of the reports of committees the Committee on Finance, Mr. Whitaker, chairman, made favorable reports of the following bills:

Act to authorize A. H. Elmore, formerly tax collector of Bryson City, to collect taxes for 1894-'95.

Act to authorize J. F. Teague of Swain county, to collect taxes in arrears.

Bill for the relief of the ex-sheriff of Yancey county.

The resolution looking to the reduction of salaries of State officials.

They also reported unfavorably on the following:

An act to fix the bond of Vance county's Register of Deeds.

A resolution to settle certain claims of a committee of the General Assembly of 1895.

A resolution for the payment of 300 dollars to Thos. R. Purnell for services on a committee during the Legislature of 1895.

BANKING AND CURRENCY COMMITTEE.

Representative Bryan, as Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, reported favorably:

An act providing for the incorporation of Cabarrus Savings Bank.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Dixon of Cleveland—To eztablish the "North Carolina Reform School" for the reformation of boys and girls convicted of crimes.

By Person of Wilson—To prohibit the sale of intoxicants in three miles of Saratoga Free-will Baptist Church, Wilson county.

By Fagan of Martin—To incorporate the Burial Association known as "The Brotherhood, Fellowship and Daughters of Zion Burial Society and Company."

By Ensley of Jackson—An act to create a new township in Jackson county, to be called Green Creek township.

By Allen of Randolph—To pay R. M. Vestal of Randolph county for services as school teacher.

By Barrow of Franklin—Act to amend the law relative to cotton weights in Franklin county.

By Chapin of Harnett—A resolution for the distribution of Colonial Records and Laws of '93-'95.

By Leak of Anson—Act to amend charter of the Wadesboro Cotton Mills Company.

By Parker of Wayne—Act for relief of Asa O'Niel and William Cunningham, Wayne county.

By Reynolds of Montgomery—Act to give Montgomery county additional terms of Superior and Circuit Courts.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The Speaker declared unfinished business in order, and bills were taken from the journal and acted upon as follows:

Bill empowering Bryson City tax collector to collect taxes for 1894-'95, passed third reading and ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate.

Joint resolution by Sutton of Cumberland, regulating the duties of enrolling and engrossing clerks, with slight amendment, passed third reading and was ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate. It provided that all bills passed and ordered engrossed, in either the House or Senate, shall be presented to the presiding officers of each branch of the assembly every morning following the week previous, and requires that the enrolling and engrossing committees supervise the work and see that it is done.

On motion of Brown, Jones county bill to fix bond for Register of Deeds of Vance was tabled.

The bill for the settlement of accounts of a committee of 1895 of General Assembly, was also, on motion of Mr Aiken, tabled.

The bill for payment of $300 to T. R. Purnell was tabled.

The resolution looking to the reduction of salaries of State officials passed third reading and was ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate. This bill provides that a committee, consisting of three Representatives and two Senators, be appointed to investigate and ascertain the salaries of State officials and Superintendents of State institutions, with a view to reducing their salaries in conformity with the present prices of farm products.

The act to incorporate Cabarrus Saving Bank was put upon its several readings aand, after an amendment by M Lusk, providing that all trustees of said bank be held severally responsible for all deposits, passed the third reading, and was ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate.

The Clerk read a motion from A. J Field, of Granville county, giving notice that he would contest the seat in the House now held by Representative Wm H. Crews.

MORE BILLS INTRODUCED.

Additional bills were introduced as follows:

By Currie—Act to allow commissioners of Robeson county to levy a special tax.

By Currie—Act to abolish circuit criminal courts in Robeson county.

By Currie—Act to enable commissioners of Robeson county to hire out the chain gang.

By Dixon of Greene county—To amend chapter 277, Laws North Carolina 1895.

By Cunningham of Person—Act to amend the Code, section 267, and authorize a joinder action for wages.

By Nelson—Act to authorize commissioners of Caldwell county to levy special tax and build a new jail.

By Crews—Act for relief of persons working public roads of Granville county.

By Rountree—An act relative to ranging cattle in Person county.

Representative Sutton, of New Hanover, introduced a bill providing for the printing of 10,000 copies of Governor Russell's inaugural address.

The bill occasioned considerable discussion, and was variously amended to print 5,000, 2,500 and 500 copies. Short speeches were made by McCrary, Schulken, Sutton, of Cumberland, Blackburn, Nelson, Candler, Grubbs, Lusk, Alexander and others. The bill was finally referred to a committee for investigation.

Mr. Alexander of Tyrrell county, introduced a resolution providing that the House adjourn on Friday, the 15th inst., at 11 a. m., until 11 o'clock Monday, in order that the doorkeeper might have time to thoroughly renovate the hall.

After considerable discussion, by several representatives, the resolution was amended to "adjourn at 10 o'clock Saturday morning until 4 o'clock Monday afternoon," and was adopted as amended.

COMMITTEES ANNOUNCED.

Claims—Petree, chairman; Meares, Howe, Arledge, Babbitt, Chapman, Parkee of Perquimans, Jones and Watts.

Salaries and Fees—Dixon, of Green, chairman; Yarboro, Harris, of Hyde, Holms, McRary, Candler, Elliott, Ensley, Parker, of Wayne, and Hartress.

On Counties, Cities, Towns and Townships—Sutton, of New Hanover, chairman; Duncan, Peace, Freeman, Fagan, Ferrell, King, Morton, Walters, Smith and Carthy.

Institutions for the Blind—Craven, chairman; McBride, Ferrell, Person, of Wilson, Young, Pool, Bryan, of Edgecombe, Grubbs, Jones and McLeland.

Immigration—White, of Alamance, Chairman; White, of Bertie, Bryan, of Edgecombe, Allen, Hodges, Barrow, Harris, of Hyde, Chapman, McPeters and Jones.

Penal Institutions—Parker, of Perquimans, chairman; Johnson, Carter, Abernathy, Roberts, Currie, Dewees, Dayton, Umstead, Conley, McKinzie, Arrington and Bryan of Edgecombe.

Health—Alexander, chairman; Dixon of Cleveland, Person, of Wayne, Person of Wilson, Lyle, Freeman, McClelland, Sutton of Cumberland, Fagan, Bobbitt, Spruill, Nelson and Crews.

Institutions for Deaf, Dumb and Blind—Person of Wayne, Chairman; Abernethy, King, Browser, Petree, Aiken, Green, Wrenn, Nelson, Duffy and Bryan of Edgecombe.

The House, on motion of Mr. Johnson, adjourned until 11 o'clock to day.

WAKE FOREST NOTES.

A Splendid Opening—Missionary Society Meets—The Law School—Fight Over the Post Office.

The spring term has opened with an attendance of two hundred and fifty five. The prospects are bright for the session. The prompt return of the students and their renewed zeal in their work has been spoken of by several of the Faculty as remarkable. Among the new men on the Hill are two gentlemen who are taking a review law course preparatory for the Supreme Court examination in February.

There is universal satisfaction at the workings of the new rule of having examinations before Christmas. The students report having spent the holidays much more pleasantly on account of not having examinations awaiting them on their return. It is hoped this rule will be permanent.

At a meeting of the Wake Forest Missionary Society on last Sunday night those in attendance were highly entertained by an address by Prof. Cullom on Missions, their needs, defects, etc. At the close of his address Dr. Taylor announced that the coming April would be the semi centennial of the society, and he moved it be celebrated by proper exercises, which motion was carried unanimously. The exercises will likely be very interesting. This society has done splendid work from its organization. Its present officers, Prof. J. F. Lanneau president, and Robert N. Simms, of Raleigh, secretary, are highly efficient, and never fail to make its meetings interesting.

The student body looks forward with much pleasure to the lecture here on Thursday night by Mr. John Ray, of Raleigh. Subject: Helen Keller.

The Phi Society has elected Mr. W. L. Cahoon as its second marshal for anniversary, to fill the position left vacant by the failure of Mr. J. D. Biggs, Jr., of Williamston, N. C., to return.

Ten or twelve members of our law school will appear before the Supreme Court in February as applicants for law license. The class is doing some hard drill work now, in order to be thoroughly prepared for the examination.

There is going to be quite a little tempest raised over the appointment of post master here, it seems. Four applicants are known to be in the fight for the place, representing all three of the political parties. There is one Republican applicant, two Democratic and one Populist. The fight is, from present indications, going to be a determined one.

The Republican students especially, and the general student body as well, express their joy at the appearance of a new daily in Raleigh. The Republicans on account of its politics principally, others because they think it will spur other papers up to a higher degree of excellence.

Cleveland Democracy.

"Speaking of politics," said Eli Perkins, gently closing both eyes, "I am still a Cleveland Democrat."

"And what is a Cleveland Democrat?" was asked.

"A Cleveland Democrat is the Mahatma up to date. He is a Belshazzar soothsayer. Our great President is no understudy. He is the real thing. A Cleveland Democrat is a chigonkus goncurus who can borrow $260 000,000, give the Nation's notes for it, put it in the treasury, and, after spending all of it to run the government, call the residue a surplus. I love such men. They are valuable specimens.

"I love a man who has run this Nation in debt $301 000,000 since 1892 and can then stand up without a wink and say 'the revenue is sufficient.'

"I admire a chigonkus goncurus who, when banks are breaking, deficit increasing, mills struggling, and workmen idle, has the nerve to say to McKinley, three months before he is inaugurated, 'why don't your prosperity come?'

"We Cleveland Democrats don't believe that when we took this prosperous government in 1892 we had the same money that had given us prosperity for thirty years, and left a surplus of $100 000 000 in gold in the treasury after paying $2 000 000 of the National debt.

"We Cleveland Democrats don't believe that lowering the tariff, which stopped our mills, lowered wages, and brought prosperity in England at our expense, had anything to do with hard times. We believe that buying $24 000,000 worth of bullion a year and coining it into 48,000 000 silver dollars did it, and when the Senate stopped that coinage believe poor old harmless green back impoverished the people and bankrupted the treasury.

"A Cleveland Democrat," continued Eli, "is a noble patriot who turns a tariff for revenue into a tariff for deficit, sends gold to Europe for goods while our workmen are starving at home, and then stands up in the National wreck and screams:

"'Down with these awful trusts.'

"'Our money is all wrong!!'

"'Stop that foreign emigration!!!'

"'Why don't McKinley prosperity come?'"

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RALEIGH, N. C.

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MONETARY CONVENTION

Adopts a Declaration to Maintain the Gold Standard and the Retirement of the Demand

OBLIGATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT

A MONETARY SYSTEM MUST BE INAUGURATED.

A Commission to be Formed that Will Look After the Immediate Interest of the Organization.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jauuary 13—The National Monetary Convention which has been in session here two days, this afternoon adopted a declaration of what legislation in its opinion is needed upon the subject by a practically unanimous vote. This declaration included a demand for the maintenance of the gold standard and the retirement of the demand obligations of the government. Accompanying this was a proposition for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report, by bill, or otherwise, upon the evils and remedies of the currency system. This was the unanimous conclusion of the committee on resolutions, a result that was expected by the delegates, and the recommendations of the committee were affirmed by the substantially unanimous vote of the Convention. This was not secured, however, without much opposition, and an exceedingly animated debate, with short controversies between Congressman Fowler, of New Jersey, and State Assemblyman Roots, of Indiana, and Congressman Walker, of Massachusetts, and John Harsen Rhoads, of New York.

The feature of the morning session was a speech by Congressman Fowler, in which he outlined the causes of the present financial ills and the remedy therefor.

All of the time of the convention, up to the presentation of the report of the Committee on Resolutions, was occupied in listening to speeches and recommendations of features which those presenting them wished to have embodied in the declaration of the convention.

The convention had taken recess twice upon notice that the committee was not ready to report. When it reassembled, after the second recess at 4:30 p m., H. H. Hanna, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, presented the report of his committee, and called upon M. E. Ingalls, of Cincinnati, to read it.

The report, Mr. Hanna said, to the surprise of the great body of delegates, was the unanimous expression of the committee. He asked like unanimous support from the convention and moved the adoption of the report. The report was as follows:

Gentlemen of the Monetary Conference: Your committee make the following report:

This conference declares that it has been absolutely necessary that a consistent, straight forward, and deliberately planned monetary system shall be inaugurated, the fundamental basis of which should be:

First: That the present gold standard should be maintained therefor, and such meeting the commission shall organize by the election of such officers and the adoption of such rules and by-laws for its own government as may be agreed to by a majority of its members, and thereafter it shall be governed by such rules and by-laws subject to these articles.

Article 3 All rules and by-laws of the Commission and all its proceedings shall be directed towards the accomplishment of the objects of its creation, which is to make a thorough investigation of the monetary affairs and needs of this country and all relations and aspects, and to make appropriate suggestions as to any evils found to exist and the remedies therefoe, and no limit is placed upon the scope of such inquiry or the manner of conducting the same, excepting only that the expenses thereof shall not exceed the sums set apart for such purpose by the Executive Committee.

Article 4. The Executive Committee of this committee shall use so much of the voluntary contributions made to it as may be available for that purpose to defray all necessary expenses of the commission, and shall notify the commission from time to time of the amount so available, in order that it may regulate its expenditures accordingly, and no liability shall attach to said Commission or to the Convention beyond the amount so notified.

Art. 5. When the labors of this commission have been completed as far as practicable, the executive committee, if it deems it advisable, shall issue a call to bring this convention together again at a time and place designated in such call, and at the meeting so convened the committee shall make report of its doings, and suggestions in such manner and form as it shall deem best adapted to present the same to this convention and its members for action; and if legislation is deemed advisable, shall accompany such report with a draft of such bill or bills providing for such legislation.

Resolved, That all resolutions and communications as to methods of currency reform which have been presented to this convention be referred to such commission when formed.

Second—That steps should be taken to insure the ultimate retirement of all classes of United States notes by a gradual and steady process so as to avoid injurious contraction of the currency or disturbance of the business interests of the country, and that in such retirement provision should be made for a separation of the revenue and note issue departments of the Treasury.

Third. That a banking system be provided which should furnish credit facilities to every portion of the country and a safe and elastic circulation, and especially with a view to securing such a distribution of the loanable capital of the country as will tend to equalize the rates of interest in all parts thereof. For the purpose of effectively promoting the above objects:

Resolved, That fifteen members of this conference be appointed by the chairman to act as an executive committee while this convention is not in session, with full power of this convention. The executive committee shall have the power to increase its membership to any number not exceeding forty five, and five members thereof shall at all times constitute a quorum of said committee.

The Executive Committee shall have special charge of the solicitation, receipt and disbursement of contributions voluntarily made for all purposes; shall have power to call this Convention together again when and where it may seem best to said Committee to do so, and said Committee shall continue in office with power to fill vacancies until discharged at a future meeting of this meeting of this Convention.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of this Executive Committee to endeavor to procure at the special session of Congress, which it is understood will be called in March next, legislation calling for the appointment of a monetary commission by the President to consider the entire question, and to report to Congress at the earliest day possible, or failing to secure the above legislation, they are hereby authorized and empowered to select a commission of all members according to rules and plans set forth in the suggestions submitted to the Convention by Mr. Hanna, of Indianapolis, as follows:

Article 1. The committee shall consist of eleven members to be named by the Executive Committee appointed by this Convention. The Executive Committee should have power to fill vacancies in the Commission a they may occur.

Article 2. The first meeting of the Commission shall be held at a time and place to be designated by the Executive Committee of this Convention in a call to be issued.

The report and resolutions were agreed to with but two or three negative votes.

The Convention, after votes of thanks to various organizations and persons, adjourned subject to the call of the Executive Committee. Chairman Patterson stated that after a conference with Mr Hanna he would announce the names of the Committee provided for in the resolutions adopted.

The Convention then named the following Vice Presidents:

Milton Whitney, Washington; A. Cohen, New York; Judge Briggs Kentucky; O. L. Joyner, North Carolina; E. H. Jenkins, Connecticut; C. J. Hullum, Tennessee; J. F. Culivar, Illinois; A. Cook, Georgia; and the following committee to interview the Ways and Means committee of Congress: Wm. Corry, Florida; A. Collen, New York; Ariel Cook, Georgia; F. B. Mood and J E. Johnson, of the Committee on Resolutions, recommended that a pefmanent organization be formed and that it be called the National Tobacco Growers Association. The President is to have authority to appoint an Executive Committee of twenty-five. The resolution also thanked the railroads and the people of Ocala for courtesies. The resolutions were adopted.

Gen. J. B. Briggs of Kentucky, was nominated for President of the Association and was elected unanimously.

Prof. Moody was eleeted Vice President by acclamation, as was D. S. Williams for Secretary.

SENATOR JNO. SHERMAN

Will Occupy the Leading Place in Maj. McKinley's Cabinet.

The Secretaryship is Said to be Settled.

Canton, Ohio, Jan. 13.—A message received here from Washington tonight makes it reasonably certain that Senator Sherman's present intention is to accept the position of Secretary of State in Maj. McKinley's cabinet. It was intimated to Senator Sherman several days ago that Major McKinley would be glad to know whether he would be inclined to accept a cabinet position.

Senator Sherman's inclinations were not in that direction originally, and his first thought was, according to friends here, that he ought to remain in the Senate, but after careful consideration of the subject, it seems to him that he can be of more service to the country and to his party at the head of the Department of State. If present arrangements are not changed, and there is nothing to indicate that they will be, Senator Sherman will occupy the leading place in Maj. McKinley's cabinet.

Caucus Nominee for U. S. Senator.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 13.—The Republican joint legislative caucus was held tonight with Col. Elwell, of Exeter, in the chair. The Hon. Jacob H. Gallinger, of Concord, was unanimously nominated as United States Senator for six years to succeed himself. The Democrats will hold a caucus to-morrow morning, when it is generally understood that ex-Congressman Hosea W. Parker, of Claremont, will be nominated for Senator. The ballot will be taken for United States Senator in each house on Tuesday and in joint convention the following day.

A Murderer Hanged.

Ocala, Fla., Jan. 13.—William Lattimore was hanged here today for the murder of Pullman car porter Greenle on August 8th, 1896. He died game. Lattimore was a negro, about 23 years old, and a native of Sparta, Ga, where his mother still lives. He came to Florida last year and attempted to rob sleeping passengers in a Pullman car at this place. He was detected by Porter Greenlee and a fight ensued, in which Lattimore shot Greenlee three times, causing instant death.

TOBACCO GROWERS.

Prof. Whitney, Chemist, Speaks of the Conditions of Climate for Tobacco Growing.

PRESIDENT JENNINGS ELABORATES.

AMERICAN GROWN TOBACCO CAN BE MADE TO EQUAL THAT OF CUBA.

A. L. Joyner, of North Carolina, on "Types of Tobacco in His State." A Permanent Organization to be Formed.

Ocala, Fla., Jan. 13.—When the Tobacco Growers' Convention met this morning, Prof. Whitney, chemist of the United States Agricultural Department at Washington, was introduced and made a very instructive address on conditions of climate in various States as related to tobacco growing.

Mr. Corry, of the Owl Tobacco Company of Quincy, followed. Mr. Corry's talk was heartily applauded.

Mr. Jennings, president of the Connecticut Experimental Station, followed Mr. Corry and spoke largely from the standpoint of an experimental station man. He said every section and State in the growing of tobacco had its own conditions and modes of culture. He gave a history of his station, which the people of his State found necessary to establish to improve the condition of their leaf, in order to maintain its market.

The station was founded in 1892. The farmers formed a stock company and bought the land and the State assumed the management. This five years' experiment will determine what elements of soil are taken off and must be replaced, the effects of fertilizers on the crop, etc, etc. Quickly decomposing fertllizers and those containing salt were positively hurtful—such as vault deposit or night soil. Linseed, cottonseed and castor pummice were good. He said stable manure could not be depended on as a source of plant food, but it was good humus for the earth. There was no rule which they could not follow. To do so was gambling. Climate was a great thing, but soil better yet, if adapted to growing tobacco. One poor grower in a district lowered the price of the products of a good farmer. If fertilizer is needed don't stint, put it on freely when you are sure you are right.

Quality in tobacco was everything. Better 500 pounds per acre in quality than a ton in quantity.

Mr. J. Medro, of Ocala, followed on "results of his experiments in growing tobacco around Ocala." He visited all sections of the State and settled here, because the conditions were all he could ask—similar to Cuba—and his experience demonstrated the correctness of his judgment. He had doubts at first, because he had been told Florida tobacco had no aroma. He knew better now, for with long experience as a smoker, he could truthfully say that the qualtty and the flavor of cigars made of Florida tobacco were as good as the best made of tobacco grown in the most famous district of Cuba, with which he was familiar.

Next a apper of great interest was read by O. L Joyner, of North Carolina, on "Types of Tobacco in his State." He was followed by C. R. Culloms, of Tennessee, who told about the crop of 180,000 lbs., which is worth $9,000,000, and the profit there is in it for their growers. If half he heard was so, and he did not doubt it, Tennessee farmers would make money to come to Florida and grow wrapper tobacco. Theirs was mostly plug, and averaged five cents a pound.

Captain J. S. Johnson, of Dade City, speaking of Montaco's purchase of Mr. Coleman's tobacco at sixty cents a pound, said Montaco took it to Tampa, made five grades of it, treated it after his process, and sold the highest grade of the fourteen pounds for $5 a pound, and got sixty cents for the poorest.

Balloting for United States Senator.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 13.—The first ballot for United States Senator yesterday, taken in the Idaho Legislature, resulted as follows: Claggett, (Pop.), 30; Dubois, (silver Rep.), 26; Glenn, (Pop.), 5; Nelson, (Pop.), 3; Balantyne, (Pop.), 1; Cooper, (Pop.), 1; Angel, (Pop.), 2; Cook, (Pop.), 1; Reyburn, (Rep.), 1. No choice, 36 votes being necessary to elect. Five Democrats voted for Claggett, and Dubois polled the full strength of the silver Republicans. The Populists are now making strenuous efforts to reach an understanding with the Democrats, but the latter are holding off in hope of securing the election of a Democrat, Johnson being the favorite. The Dubois men are confident they will get from the Democrats the votes required to elect their man.

Naval Orders.

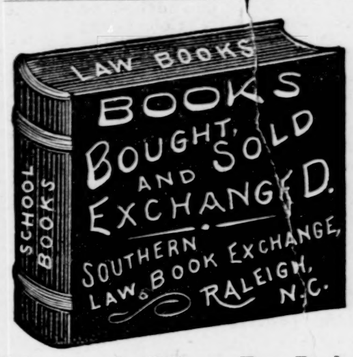
Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The following naval orders were issued today. Medical inspector J. L. Neilson is ordered to the Norfolk navy yard February 1st, relieving surgeon C. T. Hibbett, who is ordered to the Independence, in turn relieving past assistant surgeon F. W. Olcott, ordered to duty at the Puget Sound naval station. Ensign W D Brotherton has been detailed to the office of naval intelligence.

New Directors.

New York, Jan. 13.—The Tennessee Coal and Iron and Railroad Directors have elected Col. C. M. McGhee a director in place of the late John H. Inman and Col. Oliver H. Payne in place of Edward Simmons.

Meeting of Educators.

President C. D McIver, of the Normal and Industrial School, chairman of the committee appointed by the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly to prepare a bill for supervisors of public schools, requests THE TRIBUNE to announce that the committee will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Others interested in the subject besides members of the committee, are invited to be present. Superintendent Mebane joins Dr. McIver in extending this invitation.



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"NORFOLK & CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Norfolk to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled (limited) train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate stations; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail," for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville, and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m. daily—Solid train, consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Norfolk, arriving at Norfolk at 5:20 p m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants & Miners', Norfolk & Washington, and Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamship Companies for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson & Fayetteville Short Cut daily; daily except Sunday for Newbern and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washingtsn and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily.—For Goldsboro and intermediate stations.

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m. daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina Railroad; at Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points south.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m., daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte, Greensboro and all points south.

LOCAL.

7:10 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh.

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines.

From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

1:40 a. m. daily—From New York, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville and Greensboro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro.

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IT IS HERE TO STAY!

IT WILL BE REPUBLICAN, AND WILL HEW CLOSE TO THE LINE.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

Wall Street was Zizzaging To-day and the Market was Erratic.

ARBUCKLE AND THE SUGAR TRUST.

THE TONE OF THE GENERAL MARKET QUIET AND STEADY—A SLIGHT DECLINE IN WHEAT.

The Snow and Rain Storm Throughout the Country Make the Nebraska Grain Men Feel Jubilant.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

New York, Jan. 13, 1897.—The stock market today was dull, but generally strong The foreign element was a buyer on the favorable impression made by the treaty of arbitration conference between the United States and Great Britain. The afternoon session was [illegible] and some [illegible] adverse movements. [illegible] an advance of ⅛ per cent, lost over a point on the steps taken by the Arbuckles to secure a receiver for the Woolson Spice Company of Toledo, the coffee concern recently secured by the Havemeyers. The shares of the coal roads were heavy in sympathy with a further severe decline in Wheeling stock. Manhattan after an advance of ⅞ per cent. broke over a point. Special strength was displayedby Chicago Gas on rumors that the Illinois Legislature will favor a bill permitting legal consideration of the constituent companies in the old trust.

The market closed quiet but generally steady to firm; Houston 2,303, against 5,361 last week and 3,524 last year. Memphis shipped today 2,962, St. Louis 2,460 and Houston 5,444. Spot cotton here was unchanged, with sales of 104 bales for spinning; 300 were delivered on contract. Middling uplands 7 5-16, against 8 3-16 last year. Mobile advanced 1 16; New Orleans sold 4,000, St. Louis 1,317, Mobile 500, Augusta 462, Savannah 390 and Norfolk 216 bales.

Chicago, Jan 13.—The wheat market has been disappointing to the bulls today. Indications at the opening pointed to better prices, as Liverpool was 1d higher, and shorts were again moderate buyers, but con iderable long wheat was pressing for sale, and there was good selling by St. Louis and local points

This very soon supplied the demand and prices later under this selling pressure declined over ½ cent per bale. The general news has been rather bearish. Liverpool closed with half penny of her early advance, lost and the liberal sales of flour reported yesterday at Minneapolis (32,000 barrels) were today cut down to 11,000 barrels. In addition St.Louis reported a very poor demand for cash wheat, what few bids there were in

The speculation to-day was quiet and featureless and in the main of a local character. At first prices declined 4 to 8 points on an increased semi weekly movement, and a reaction in Liverpool, but in the absence of much pressure to sell the decline was recovered, and an advance of one to two points followed on a small local demand below the market. New York reported several loads worked to the other side, but the trade was rather skeptical of this and gave it no consideration. Clearances were very light, only 114,000 bushels. But the principal cause for the decline has been the heavy selling, and from all appearances, considerable long wheat has been dumped overboard.

The attitude of the local trade still continues bearish, which is likely to carry prices lower.

Coarser grains have been rather weak In a speculative way there was no feature. New York reports a good export demand for oats, and there was some covering by shorts.

Provisions were dull and lower early on the liberal receipts of hogs and selling of lard by packers. Near the close, however, the selling became firmer, and prices recovered somewhat. Final figures about the same as yesterday. Pork a trifle higher, also lard and ribs.

The receipts at the ports were smaller smaller than been expected, and the total for the week. It is now estimated will be about 10,000 less than last week. Before the close, however, wrices weakened again, and the market closed quiet and steady at a net decline of two points. The total sales were on 102,600 bales. Liverpool sold here early in the day, but the worst featnre was the dullness.

Liverpool advanced 1-16d on the spot for middling fair and 1-32d for middl n . The sales were 12,000 bales. Futures opened 1 to 2 points higher, lost the improvement and declined, but rallied and closed unchanged to 1 higher.

In New Orleans March declined 5 points, but recovered the loss and advanced slightlp. Manchester was quiet but steady.

The port receipts were 20,074 against 24,297 last week and 15,092 last year. Thus far this week 101,413 against 109,516 thus far last week. The export from the ports were 46,508. New Orleans exports tomorrow 4,6000 to 5.500 against 7,962 last week and 11,060 last year. Houston exports 4,500 to 5,000 against 3,469 last week ann 2,311. Augusta recetved today 464 bales against 282 last week and 682 last year. Memphis 954 against 824 laft week and 1,015 last year.

New York, Jan. 13.—This was another dull dayat the Stock Exchange, the sales footing 116,126 shares. The movements in the market were extremely erratic throughout the day, although in the main the tendency was upward during the morning, and toward a lower range during the afternoon. The fluctuations in the Grangers, Chicago Gas, General Electric, Western Union, Reading and Missouri Pacific were confined within a range of ⅛a⅜ per cent. These stocks advanced to the extent named, and then lost the improvement. Sugar, after rising ⅜ to 113½, declined to 111⅞ on the announcement that Arbuckle Bros., who are fighting the sugar trust, had made an application for a receiver for the Woolson Spice Company, of Toledo. The sugar trust, or individuals connected with it, recently obtained a controling interest in the Woolson company, but the Arbuckles manage l to secure a part of the company's stock and evidently mean to checkmate the sugar trust people if they can possibly do so through the courts. Manhattan advanced ⅛ to 89¼ and then declined to 87⅞, it being understood that the Hendricks case now before the New York State railway commissioners, will be pushed with vigor. It is reported that if the commissioners accord the complainant a hearing interesting developments will follow.

Wheeling and Lake Erie shares developed renewed weakness although nothing transpired to confirm the rumors current yesterday about an impending receivership, The common declined ½ to 3⅜ and the preferred 3½ to 14. The general market was adversely influenced during the afternoon by despatches from Washington that the Senate will probably take no action at this session on the treaty batween this country and Great Britain and by advices from the west of hostile legislation in Nebraska and elsewhere to the railroad interests in that section. The market closed quiet and barely steady in tone Net changes show declines of ⅛a⅜ per cent.. sugar and Manhattan leading.

Bonds were higher. The sales footed up $1,581,000.

Treasury balances: Coin $122,653,377; currency $47.123,538.

MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 13.—Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent, last loan at 1½ and closing at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½a4 per cent. Bar silver 64⅞. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84¾a4.85 for 60 days and 4 87¼a4.87½ for demand. Posted rates 4.85a4.88. Commercial bills 4.83¾a4.84¼. Government bonds higher. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds firmer. Silver at the board lower.

STOCKS.

American Cotton Oil	13¾
pref'd	55
American Sugar Refinery	111⅞
pref'd	101½
American Tobacco	78½
pref'd	105
Atchison	14
B. & O	15⅝
Canadian Pacific	55¾
C. & O	17½
Chicago & Alton	163
C., B & Q	71⅞
Chicago Gas	75⅝
Delaware & Lackawana	155½
D. and G. F	—
Erie	14⅜
pref'd	33
General Electric	33⅜
Illinois Central	92½
L. E. & W	16½
pref'd	66
Lake Shore	151½
L. & N	49
L., N. A. & C	¼
Manhattan Consolidated	88
M. & C	15
Michigan Central	90
Missouri Pacific	20
Mobile & Ohio	21⅝
Nash. & Chat	67½
U. S. Cordage	—
pref'd	—
N. J. Central	101¼
N. Y. Central	93⅜
N. Y. & N. E	45
N. & W. pref'd	16½
Northern Pacific	13½
pref'd	33
N. W	103½
pref'd	153
Pacific Mail	24
Reading	26⅜
Rock Island	67⅝
St. Paul	74½
pref'd	130
Silver Certificates	64⅞
Tenn. Coal & Iron	28½
pref'd	90
Texas Pacific	9½
Union Pacific	6⅞
Wabash	6⅝
pref'd	16
Western Union	83½
W. & L. E	3¾
pref'd	11½

BONDS.

Alabama, class A	104
B	103
C	97
La. B. 4's	95
N C. 4's	100
6's	124
Tenn. new set. 3's	77½
Va. 6's, def	5
Va. T. R S	6
Va. F. D	61⅝
U. S. 4's reg	110⅝
coup	111⅝
2's	95½
So. Railway 5's	89⅜
con	98
pref'd	27½
S. C. 4½'s	100
U. S. new 4's, Dec	120⅝
Coup	120⅝

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open'g.	Clos'g.
WHEAT—No. 2.		
January	78⅜	77¼a77½
May	81¼a81½	79⅝a79⅝
July	76½	75⅝
CORN—		
January	22⅜	22⅜
May	24⅛a24⅞	24½
July	25⅛	24½a24⅝
OATS—		
January	16½	16½
May	18⅜	18⅝
MESS PORK—		
January	$7.67½	$7.67½
May	7.85	7.92½
LARD—		
January	3.85	3.90
May	4.05	4.07½
SHORT RIBS—		
January	3.97½	4.00
May	4.05	4.10

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour dull and easy. No. 2 spring wheat 77¼a78⅜; No. 2 red 86⅜a89½ No. 2 corn 22⅜. No. 2 oats 16½. Mess pork $7.70a7.75. Lard $3.90a3.92½. Short ribs $3.90 to 4.15. Dry-salt shoulders $4 25 to 4.50. Short clear sides $4.12½ to 4 25. Whiskey $1 18.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 13.—Wheat—prices apparently could not advance, and as the only alternative was to decline, that course was, perforce, adopted. The opening and first hour was marked by considerable strength, but the selling against calls, although only the lowest figure for those privileges was touched, was effective in producing a feeling of discouragement, and when a half cent break took place "longs" became alarmed and sold without regard to price. A further decline of ½c. succeeded the first break and the close was at practically the inside figure. May wheat opened from 81¼ to 81½, sold between 81¼a81⅜, and closing at 79¼a79½, 1¼a1½c. under yesterday

Cash wheat was weak and 1a1½c lower.

Corn—The dullness in speculation generally had no exception in the corn pit where business was in an inert and stagnant condition. Prices exhibited a firmer tone early, merely as a matter of sympathy with wheat and not because any one was particularly anxious to buy.

May corn opened from 24⅞ to 24¾, declined to 24½, closing at 24½a24¾, ¼a½c. under yesterday. Cash corn was ½c. higher.

Oats was as active as any of the other grains, which does not mean the volume of trade was large. Local transactions were the only ones noted. Prices were easy. May oats closed ½c. lower than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and unchanged.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 13.—Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; sales 102,600 bales; January 6.98; February 7.00; March 7.08; April 7.14; May 7 21; June 7.25; July 7 29; August 7.31; September 7.06; October and November 6.99.

Cotton quiet; middling 7 5-16; net receipts,—— bales; gross, 278 bales; exports to Great Britain, 12,501 bales; to France, 358 bales; to the Continent, 1,288 bales; forwarded, —— bales; sales, 404 bales spinners, 105 bales; stock 286,674 bales. Total today—net receipts, —— bales; exports to Great Britain, —— bales; to France, —— bales; to the Continent, —— bales; to the Channe., —— bales; stock, 1,156,918 bales.

This week—net receipts, 2,429 bales; exports to Great Britain, 72,549 bales; to France, 33,446 bales; to the Continent, 35,552 bales; to the Channel, —— bales; stock, —— bales. Total since September 1—net receipts, 5,184.494 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,064,335 bales; to France, 456,529 bales; to the Continent, 1,201,258 bales; to the Channel, —— bales; stock, —— bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 13.—12:30 p. m.—Cotton—good business done, prices steady; sales 12,000 bales, American 11.500 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 5,000 bales; American 100 bales Futures opened steady, demand moderate. American middling, l. m. c.—January and February 3.61a3.60; February and March 3.61; March and April 3.61a3.60a3.59; April and May 3.61; May and June 3.62a3 61a3.60; June and July 3.62; July and August 3 62a3 61; August and September 3 61. Futures quiet. Tenders, 100 bales new dockets.

4 P. M.—January, 3.62s; January and February 3.60a3 61v; February and March, 3.60b; March and April, 3.60b; April and May, 3 60a3 61b; May and June, 3.61s; June and July, 3.61a3.62s; July and August 3.62s; August and September, 3 60a3.61v; September and October (unofficial), 3.57a3,58v; October and November (unofficial), 3 55a3.56v. Futures closed quiet but steady.

OTHER COTTON MARKETS.

January 13.	
Galveston firm,	6 15-16, 6,998 bales.
Norfolk steady,	6⅞, 1,347 bales.
Baltimore nominal,	7¼, —— bales.
Boston quiet,	7 5-16, 1,345 bales.
Wilmington steady,	6⅜, 623 bales.
Philadelphia firm,	7 9-16, 33 bales.
Savannah steady,	6¾, 1,719 bales.
New Orleans firm,	7, 6,095 bales.
Mobile quiet.	6⅞, 766 bales.
Memphis steady,	6⅞, 954 bales.
Augusta steady,	7 1-16, 464 bales.
Charleston steady,	6⅞, 712 bales.
Cincinnati quiet,	6⅞, 1,371 bales.
Louisville firm,	7, —— bales.
St. Louis firm,	6 15 16, 614 bales.
Houston steady,	6 15 16, 2,303 bales.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 13.—Flour steady, light demand; winter wheat, low grades $2.30a3.45; do. fair to fancy $3.55a4.90; do patents $4.95a5.25; Minnesota clear patents $4.50a5.15; patents $4.50a5.25; low extras $2.30a3.45

Southern flour quiet, steady; common to fair extra $3 30a3.55; good to choice do. $3.75a4.05.

Wheat—spot market more active for export at lower prices, closing firm; f. o. b. 97¼; ungraded red 78a97; No. 1 Northern 91⅝. Options opened firm at ⅜a½ advance, declined 1¼a1½, rallied ½a¾ and closed steady at ¼a1c under yesterday; No. 2 red, January 89; March 89⅞; May 86¼; July 82⅝.

Corn—spots quiet, ¼ lower, closing steady; No. 2 29 in elevator; 30 afloat; steamer mixed 28½; steamer yellow 28½; options were dull and weak at ¼a⅜ decline; January 29; May 30¼a30⅜, closing 30⅜; July 31¼a31¾. closing 31½.

Oats dull, steady; options dull, easier; January 23; February 22½; May 22¾. Spot prices—No 2, 22½; No. 2 white 24½; mixed western 22a24.

Hay firm, fair demand; shipping 57½; good to choice 75a85; Pacific coast 3½a13.

Hides quiet; wet salted, Havana selected, 35a50 pounds, at 8; Texas dry, 21 a25 pounds, 12a13.

Wool quiet; domestic fleece 16a23; pulled 18a31.

Beef firm, quiet; family $9.25a10 50; extra mess $7.25a8 25.

Beef hams steady at $18.00a18 50; tierced beef strong, wanted; extra India mess $13.50a14.50.

Cut meats slow, steady; pickled bellies 4⅜; snoulders 4a4½; hams 8½a9.

Lard barely steady, quiet; western steam $4.20; city $3.80; January $4.17, nominal; refined dull; continent $4 55; South American $4 75; compound 4a4½.

Pork steady; sales 200 barrels; new mess $8.25a8 75.

Butter steady, fair demand; State dairy 10a15½; do. creamery 13a19; Elgins 20.

Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 17½a19; ice house 13a15; western fresh 17; o case $1.75a3.00; Southern 16a16½; limed 13½a14.

Cottonseed oil quiet, firm; crude 20½; yellow prime 23a23½.

Rosin quiet; strained, common to good, $1.70a1 72½.

Turpentine quiet at 27½a27¾.

Rice firm, fair demand; domestic fair to extra 3¾a6; Japan4¼a4½.

Molasses quiet; New Orleans open kettle, good to choice new 25a34

Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 3¾a4.

Coffee barely steady, unchanged to 5 points down; January $9.50; March $9 65; May $9.70; July $9 75; September $9 80; December $9 85; spot Rio dull, easy; No. 7 10½.

Sugar—raw quiet, steady; fair refining 2 13-16; refined quiet; No. 1 to No. 8 ⅛ lower; No. 9 to No. 13 1-16 lower; No. 16 ¼ down; No. 6, 3 13-16; No. 7, 3¾; No. 8, 3 11-16; No. 9, 3 11-16; No. 10, 3½; No. 11, 3 9-16; No. 12, 3⅜; No. 13, 3 7-16; off A 4a4⅛; standard 4⅛; cut loaf 5; crushed 5; granulated 4⅛.

Freights to Liverpool active; cotton by steamer 15-128d; grain by steamer 3d.

BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 13.—Flour dull; western super $2.85a3.84; do extra $3.50a 4.14; do family $4.50a4 85; winter wheat patent $5 00a5.25; spring do do $4.65a 4.95; do do straight $4.40a4.70.

Wheat weak; spot 91 bid; May 87¾a88; Southern by sample 92a93; do on grade 86¼.

Corn steady; spot and January 27a27½; February 27¼a27⅜; March 27¾a27⅞; April 28¼a28⅜; steamer mixed 25a25½; Southern white 22½a27½; do yellow 26½a27½.

Oats easy; No. 2 white 24a25; No. 2 mixed 21a22.

Rye firmer; No. 2 red 42½a43; No. 2 western 44½.

Hay firm.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Virginia 3's, new 73⅜; B. & O. 16½ asked; Northern Central 67; B. & O. S. W. 1st 101 asked; gas stock 61; do bonds, 6's 115; do 5's 106¾.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 13.—Flour—winter patent $4.75a4.95; do fancy $4.25 a4.50

Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 92½a93

Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 21½a22.

Oats quiet; rejected mixed 16½.

Pork clear family at $8.75.

Lard—[illegible] prime steam $3.80a [illegible]

Dry salt meats— houlders 3¾; short rib 4¼; short [illegible] clear bellies 5.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 13.—Flour dull; patents 4.60a4 70; fancy 4.60a4.70; choice 3.10a3 25.

Wheat lower; January 80¾; May 85½a 85½; July 74½.

Corn easier; January 19½; May 22½ bid; July 23⅜.

Oats steady; January 16¾, nominal; May 19½.

Pork—standard mess, new 8.05; old 7.75.

Lard—prime steam 3.80a3.85; choice 3.90a3.95.

Bacon—shoulders 4.55; extra short clear 4.70; clear ribs 4.85; clear sides 4 90.

Dry salt meats—shoulders 4.05; extra short clear 4.20; clear rib 4 40; clear sides 4.55.

High wines steady at 1.18.

Bagging—1¾ lbs 5¾; 2 lbs 3; 2¼ lbs 6¼. Iron ties 90c.

CATTLE MARKET.

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 13—Cattle—receipts, 17,000; market easy, 10c lower; common to extra steers $3 50a5 50; stockers' and feeders' $3.00a4.25; cows and bulls $1.75a3.85; Texans $3.60a4.20.

Hogs—receipts 43,000; market easy early, closing firm; heavy packing and shipping lots $3.20a3.42½; common to choice mixed $3.25a3.45; choice assorted $3 40a3.45: light $3.30a3.47½; pigs $3.00a 3 47½.

Sheep—receipts 14,000; market firm and 5a10c. higher; inferlor to choice $2.50a3 80; lambs $3.50a5 25.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 13.—The dry goods market shows signs of improvement in some directions. Reports received from leading distributing centres are generally discouraging, and some leading Western and Southern jobbers say they are looking forward to an excellent spring trade before they get through with the season. The primary market is without change in tone in any department.

NAVAL STORES.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 13.—Closing—Rosin firm; strained $1.40; good strained $1 45.

Spirits of turpentine firm; machine 25; irregular 24½

Tar steady at 95.

Crude turpentine firm; hard $1.30; soft $——; Virgin $1.80

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 13 —Turpentine firmat 25½; sales 10,000; receipts 592

Rosin firm; sales 4,000; receipts 3,606; A, B, C, D, E, F, $1.50; G 1.55a1.57½, H 1.65, I 1.75a1.80, K 1.80, M 1.85, N 1.90 W G 2.05, W W 2.35.

FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

London, Jan. 13.—Bar silver 29 11-16d; consols 111 11-16 for money and 111⅞ for the account.

Paris, Jan. 13 (4:30 p. m)—Three per cent rentes 102f; 40c for the account.

The Raleigh Market.

CORN—Demand good for the season; supply here very light; good sacks old corn, 56 lbs. per bu., 42½ to 45.

OATS—No local supply; white 29 to 31.

WHEAT—Very little demand, except from Farina Flour Mills; local supply is very slight; prices from 95 to $1.00.

HAY—Western No. 1 Timothy $16; Virginia No. 1 Timothy $15; mixed Virginia hay $12 50 to 14.

BACON—Demand steady,supply good; bacon hams 8 to 10; bacon sides 7½; bacon shoulders 7½.

PRODUCE.

Apples, per bbl	$1.50 to 1.75	
dried	3½	
Peaches, unpeeled, halves	2	to 3
peeled, bright	5	to 7
Peas, clay	55	to 65
mixed	55	to 60
black eye	65	to 75
Onions, select, per bu	65	to 75
Lard, N. C	7½	to 8
Tallow	2½	to 4
Ducks	16	to 20
Hens	20	to 25
Spring chickens	12½	to 18
Roosters	14	to 16
Turkeys, per lb	7	to 9
Guineas	15	
Geese	30	to 35
Butter, choice yellow	12½	to 20
Honey	8	
Eggs	14	to 16
Feathers, new	45	
Hides, dry, per lb	5	to 6
green	3	to 3½
Flour, extra, sack	5 25	
family	5.50	
family patent	6.00	
Meal, bolted, 44 lbs per bu	50	
Potatoes, sweet	30	
Irish	50	to 60

For Irish potatoes the demand is good, but most of the supply comes from the North.

Inauguration Requisites

—AT—

S. & D. BERWANGER'S,

One-Price Clothiers,

RALEIGH, N. C.

In fifteen minutes you can be fitted up to attend the Inaugural Reception this week in all its most Fashionable Requirements, from a Dress Bow to a Full Dress Suit.

OUR LIST:

Full Dress Suits, silk-lined throughout, - - - - $30.00
Separate Trowsers, to match any coat or vest, $5 to $7.50
Dress Shirts, wide and long bosom, - - - $1 to $1.50
Silk Handkerchiefs, - - - - - - - - - 25c. to $1.25
Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, - - - - - - 25c. and 50c.
Latest in Full Dress Bows and Ties.
Kid Gloves in all the latest shades, - - - $1.25 to $2.50
Latest Shapes in Collars and Cuffs.

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE IS A BIG SUCCESS.

You are buying the choicest creations in Suits and Overcoats at Manufacturers' prices, to close out our enormous stock of winter goods.

In this Special Sale of 15 per cent. discount is included all the separate Trowsers, Boys' Long and Short Pants, Suits, Jersey Jackets, all Underwear and everything pertaining to winter goods.

This is your Great Opportunity of the Season to buy goods at manufacturers' prices for reliable qualities only.

S. & D. Berwanger,

One-Price Clothiers.

WE SHALL

Have no need of the Chinaman in the future if every American laundryman will supply the proper kind of work.

We can launder your linen much better, much whiter (without the use of chemicals), finish them in much finer style, and we won't charge you any more, and we won't send them home minus the buttons, either.

Prompt Delivery. Drop a Postal for our Wagon.

OAK CITY STEAM LAUNDRY,

216 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. PAGE & MARSHALL, Proprietors.

AH! HERE'S THE RUB.

Keep out of the tub, and send your clothes to

THE EXCELSIOR STEAM LAUNDRY

Where we neither rub,
Nor do we scrub
And wear out the clothes so,
But make them white as snow,

BY A STEAM PROCESS.

Shirts, 10c.; Collars and Cuffs, 2c. each—High Gloss or Domestic Finish.
Express paid one way on work sent us from all parts of the State.

SOWERS & HARDING, Proprietors.

Phone 19. 105a nd 107 West Martin Street.

The Great White Enamel Line,

The World's Finest and Best.

Catalogues sent upon application to

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Hardware,

Housefurnishing Goods,

Paints, Oils, Glass.

J. D. CARROLL,

Wholesale Grocer

AND

LIQUOR DEALER

Choice Wines, Cigars, Beer on Draught or in Bottles, Everything in Something to Eat or Drink, at rock-bottom prices to the trade.

I also have a branch store on East Hargett street, near the Soldiers' Home, where can be found at all hours, day or night, Pure Wines, Liquors and Cigars, the best the market affords.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Raleigh and Vicinity.

For Raleigh and vicinity: Light rain Thursday; warmer.

Forecast for North Carolina.

Rain, clearing Thursday; warmer.

Weather Conditions.

The low barometer in the West has developed into quite a considerable storm, central over Kansas. It is causing cloudy and threatening weather, with rain or snow throughout the central valley, as far east as North Carolina. The barometer is on the middle Atlantic coast, causing north to east winds over the Atlantic States, while southerly winds prevail in the Mississippi valley. The weather has cleared on the Rocky Mountain slope. The region of lowest temperature is now over New England and New York, Buffalo reporting 6 and Boston 8 degrees.

C. F. VON HEXRMANN
Section Director.

PERSONALS.

Ex-Senator Hoover is in the city.

Hon. William Guthrie has departed

Mr. John Winder left the city yesterday.

Collector Simmons has returned to the city.

Col. B. Cameron, of Stagville, is in Raleigh.

Mr. A. E. Smith, of Mt. Airy, is in the city.

Solicitor Claud Bernard and son left yesterday.

Mr. Z. F. Long, of Rockingham, is in Raleigh.

Representative Wrenn, of Chatham county, is sick.

Mr. Washington Duke, of Durham, is in the city.

Col. James Boyd has returned to Greensboro.

Mr. H. C. Dockery has gone back to Rockingham.

District Attorney Aycock has returned from a trip east.

Mr. Nicolas Cincu, of Galatz, Rumanie, is at the Park.

Mr. J. H. Tucker came in Wednesday from Asheville.

Mr. J. P. Sossaman, of Charlotte, spent last night in the city.

Messrs. J. C. and T. N. Snoddy, of Greensboro, are at the Park.

Mrs. W. C. Troy, of Fayetteville, is visiting Mrs. C. C. McDonald.

Mr. G. Dunbar, of Wilmington, and W. J. Micks arrived yesterday.

Mr. J. R. Chamberlain is away on a business trip for the Caraleigh Mills.

Superintendent of the Wilmington Graded Schools Noble, is in the city.

Hon. James T. Le Grand went back to his home in Rockingham Wednesday.

Messrs. F. H. Wells and G. H. Brockenbrough, of Charlotte, are at the Park

Messrs. A. P. Jones, Norfolk, and W. L. Reynolds, Atlanta, are at the Park.

Dr. R. H. Marsh and Mr. J. M. Currin, of Oxford, attended the Grand Lodge.

Messrs. W. J. Briggs, Maxwell Norman, T. A. Hagerty, of Boston, are at the Park.

Mr. James Cheek having witnessed the inaugural ceremnnies returned to Hillsboro.

Mr. W. C. Stronach was missed from his place of business yesterday. He is suffering with an attack of neuralgia.

Mr. Rufus Dalton, a member of Winston's Board of Alderman, is here attending the sessions of the Grand Lodge

Bishop J. W. Hood, of the African Methodist Episcopal church, passed through on his way to Fayetteville, his home.

Mr. J. A. Tucker, the popular clerk at the Park, was able to leave his room yesterday, after an illness of several weeks.

Mr. George Howard, the well known hardware merchant of Tarboro, attended the Grand Lodge. Mrs. Howard accompanied him.

Judge W. S. Faircloth, after having completed his pleasant task of administering the oath of office to his Excellency Gov. Russell, returned to Goldsboro.

It is a pleasure to note the presence in our city of Mr. and Mrs. Apeatchimer on their way to Europe. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Berwanger.

THE TRIBUNE is requested to ask the gentleman who inadvertently took an overcoat belonging to Mr. Thomas Settle at the reception Tuesday evening, to return it to the club rooms and get his own in exchange. The coat is a light weight, bluish gray and had the name "Keen" on the collar. There was a pair of gloves in the pocket.

Representative Sutton, of New Hanover, has found his overcoat, which was misappropriated at the banquet Tuesday night. It so happened that each gentleman had the other's coat.

Mr. Ed. V. Denton had the contract for furnishing lunch and punch for the Capital Club reception, and it was carried out in the most highly satisfactory manner. Both the quality and service were highly praised.

Stockholders and Directors Meet.

The stockholders of the Raleigh National Bank met Tuesday and elected the following directors for 1897: C. H. Belvin, C. E. Johnson, J. B. Batchelor, T. B. Crowder, F. O. Moring, C. M. Busbee, Julius Lewis, W. R. Tucker and Jas. A. Briggs. The directors in a meeting afterwards selected as officers of the bank—Chas. H. Belvin, President; Fabius H. Briggs, Cashier; Julian Timberlake, Teller; F. L. Mahler, book keeper; Jack Harden and Delmar Upchurch assistant book keepers, and Charles Jones, collector.

Remember that "Denton's" is the only first-class Saloon and Restaurant in the city.

FREEZE 'EM TO DEATH.

Drastic Measures to Get Rid of Grippe Germs.

HOUSE CARPETS TO BE BEATEN.

Bugs to be Turned Over to Jack Frost.

The House Will Have its Carpets Taken up and Renovated in the Interest of Health—Sickness Prevails Among the Members.

Saturday and Monday will be house cleaning days. In other words, the House of Representatives has decided to take those two days off from their arduous duties and have their hall cleaned out in the interest of the health of its members. A small army of carpet cleaners will take up the floor covering and beat it until not a germ of pestilential grippe remains in its warp or woof, and then the malevolent creatures will be left in the cold over night to see how it is themselves.

The House has been regarded as an incubator of grippe on a large scale ever since that bane of the human race was discovered. Several cases of pneumonia, some of which proved fatal, have been charged to some mysterious source of disease that has lurked about the nooks and corners of the chamber by day and stalked forth through its aisles by night. Formerly the trouble was charged to inadequate heating facilities; but the law makers took that matter in hand and remedied it. Thenceforth there was warmth a plenty, but disease still ran riot. Then the ventilation was thought to be faulty, and it was sought to overcome that objection by systematic raising and lowering the windows. But, as before, either the diagnosis was incorrect or the proper remedy was not applied.

At last—happy thought—the germ theory solved the vexed question. Grippe bacteria—microscopic bugs, so to speak—infested the carpets of the capitol, propagating their species in the thick, warm fabrics. The only practical way to get rid of them was to freeze them to death. A more certain way to get rid of them would be to make them pass through the fire; but that was out of the question, as the flames would destroy the carpets along with the germs. Clearly then, the only practical thing to do was to turn them over to the tender mercies of Jack Frost. So the House will have its carpets taken up and cleaned and the floors thoroughly swept and dusted between Saturday morning and Monday evening.

Seriously, the sanitary condition of the legislative rooms of the capitol has always been a source of trouble. There has been more or less sickness at every session of the Legislature, and in most cases the trouble has been traced to colds contracted in the halls of the capitol. The present session has proved no exception to the rule. Several members were taken sick within a day or two after the session opened, and it is said that as many as twenty are now on the sick list, suffering with colds and kindred complaints.

Cleanliness is always to be commended, and if cleaning the carpets of the House will contribute to the health of the members, the only regret the people will experience will be the failure to attend to that matter before the Legislature met.

Commercial and Farmers Bank.

The directors selected by the stockholders of the C. and F. Bank were J. J. Thomas, James E. Shepherd, Ashley Horne, J. B. Hill, S. W. Watts, H. B. Battle, P. N. Duke, T. H. Briggs, A. F. Page, Fred Phillips, H. A. London, A. A. Thompson, John W. Scott and R. B. Raney. The officers of the bank for the year are J. J. Thomas, President; A. A. Thompson, Vice President; B. S. Jerman, Cashier; H. W. Jackson, Assistant Cashier; Geo. W. Thompson, Bookkeeper; E. B. Crow, Assistant Bookkeeper, and A. P. Bauman, Collector.

Court Postponed.

On account of the illness of Judge Seymour the session of the Federal Court to have convened this week, has been postponed until February 23. Clerk W. J. Riddick received notice to this effect yesterday.

A Dangerous Precedent.

"We are setting a dangerous precedent," observed an eastern Senator, when a bill authorizing a western town to change the time of holding its annual election from May to August was introduced. "Here is a little old town up in the mountains," he went on, "that wants to come down here and break up established usages." The Senator failed to say in what the dangerous precedent consisted; but as the bill will come up again later in the session, the danger point will probably be made to appear at the proper time.

Oysters served up to date at Denton's, opposite P. O.

Visit Denton's Saloon and Restaurant when in the city. Opposite P. O.

The "Old Log Cabin," fourteen years old. The finest and oldest whiskey sold in the United States. I solicit inspection of barrel, age and quality. Guaranteed strictly straight, and has an evaporation of twenty gallons, leaving only twenty five gallons in barrel. Fifteen cents per drink straight, or $2 00 per quart. Can be found only at Denton's, opposite P. O.

Raleigh News Items.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Lewis hardware house in THE TRIBUNE. This cold weather is a good time to invest in a heater.

Mr. C. E. Mills, who has been here looking after political matters, returned to Salisbury yesterday. He was suffering with a severe attack of neuralgia.

Mr. Clarence Call, of Wilkes county, is in the city consulting with his political friends. He will be a formidable candidate for Marshal of the Western District.

Blake's livery stable has an advertisement in THE TRIBUNE. They keep a splendid lot of vehicles and good horses and reliable drivers. Carriages from this stable meet all trains night and day.

Edwards & Broughton, one of Raleigh's substantial and responsible houses, has a card in THE TRIBUNE. They are extensive job printers and blank book makers, and orders entrusted to their care will receive careful attention and prompt delivery.

Lyon's Racket Store, on East Martin street, is a popular trading place. Most everything in the mercantile line can be found there. The proprietor is a man of long business experience, who knows how to buy cheap and he sells cheap.

Ex Collector Elihu White returned to his home in Perquimans county yesterday. Mr. White came four days ago to be present at the inaugural, but has been confined to his room with a severe cold almost the entire time.

The Raleigh Cotton Mills.

At twelve o'clock to-day the stockholders of the Raleigh Cotton Mills chose Messrs. Julius Lewis, C. E. Johnson, V. B. Moore, J. R. Chamberlain, W. A. Myatt, V. C. Royster, J. M. Monie and R. H. Battle directors for the year. The officers elected by the directors are: President, C. G. Latta; Vice President, C. E. Johnson; Secretary and Treasurer, J. S. Wynne; Superintendent, H. B. Greason.

The Governor's Guards.

On Monday night the Governor's Guards elected officers as follows: Captain, A. J. Crawford; First Lieutenant, W. B. Beavers; Second Lieutenant, J. W. Crowder. The citizens of Raleigh take much pride in their military company, and are gratified to learn that it is in a flourishing condition. Certainly, no mistake has been made in the officers selected.

Funeral.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Nic Gorman was interred in Oakwood Cemetery yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock Dr. A. M. Simms, of the Raleigh Baptist Tabernacle, officiated. The pall bearers were: Messrs. Edgar Brough ton, Furman Betts, C. B. Edwards, Jr., and C. C. Hervy.

It's Very Disagreeable

TO HAVE

Nasal ... Catarrh.

SIMPSON'S

Eczema Ointment

WILL CURE IT. TRY IT.

SIMPSON'S LIVER PILLS

FOR ALL STOMACH ILLS.

SIMPSON'S PHARMACY,

WM. SIMPSON, Manager.

The Funeral Services of the Late Mrs. Cheshire.

The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Blount Cheshire occurred at the church of the Good Shepherd Wednesday morning at 10:30. A large number of friends and acquaintances attended. The floral decorations were beautiful. The ministers present and officiating were, the rector of the Good Shepherd church, Rev. I. McK. Pittinger; Rev. Stewart McQueen, of Goldsboro; the Rev. Mr. Smith, of Scotland Neck; Rev. J. E. Angee, of Henderson; Rev. A. B. Hunter, Rev. B. Smedes, Rev. J. A. Western and Rev. Mr. Walker, all of this city. The pall bearers were Dr. Thos. D. Hogg, Dr. A. B. Hawkins, Mr. R. H. Battle, Dr. K. P. Battle, Mr. Chas. E. Johnson, Mr. F. P. Haywood, Jr., Mr. C. M. Busbee and Mr. C. G. Latta. After these services the family, accompanied by some intimate friends, bore the body to Tarboro for interment.

The Mechanic's Dime Savings Bank.

The stockholders on last Tuesday night elected J. A. Mills, D. M. King, W. H. Cole, John Ward, C. P. Wharton, C. B. Park and —— Moffitt directors for this year. The directors then chose for President C. E. Johnson, Vice President J. S. Wynne, Cashier B. R. Lacy, Attorney W. N. Jones.

RUBBER SHOES!

This is miserable wet, sloppy weather—can't step out doors without getting your feet soaked unless you own a good pair of rubbers. If you don't own a good pair you can for very little money.

Our new rubbers are just right—nice styles and they look dressy—they wont leak and they are made of good stock.

The prices on these new Rubbers are the lowest we ever named for first-class goods.

Men's Sandals at 40c.; Men's better grade, regular 65c. goods, at 50c. Men's Storm Rubbers, pure gum, the $1.25 kind at 90c. per pair.

WOMEN'S SANDALS AT 25c. THE PAIR.

SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 35c.

Women's Storm Rubbers, the 50c. goods, at 30c. the pair.
Women's Storm and Sandals, best pure gum at 65c. the pair.

Children's Rubbers at 15c. the Pair!

Boys' Sandals, good 45c. grade at 35c. the pair.
Boys' Spring Heel Rubbers at 30c.; were 50c.

MEN'S RUBBER BOOTS,

Felt Lined, the $3.50 grade at $2.75 the pair. Boys' Rubber Boots, 1 to 6, a good $2 Boot at $1.75 the pair.
Umbrellas, for rain or shine, 50c. to $2.50.
Small lot High Grade Macintoshes at half price.

W. E. JONES.

Members OF THE Legislature ..... Have to Eat!

Why not eat where you can get

THE BEST?

Everything the Market Affords

at any hour of the 24.

BEST OF

WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

McCLURE & HALES'

Bonanza Saloon,

232 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

MR. LEGISLATOR

CAN'T YOU BUY

CHEAPER IN RALEIGH

THAN YOU CAN AT HOME?

We think you can if you come around the corner to the ...

Lyon Racket Store

What do we keep? Almost everything.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions, Shoes, Hats, Clothing, Crockery, *And Many Other Lines.*

If you are at all economical you will find the place to .. buy is at the ..

LYON RACKET STORE,

163 Martin Street.

MERRY WAR

WAR ON PRICES!

Cut and Slash is the Slogan. We Invite Critical Comparison. The Lynx-eyed, cautious Bargain Hunters are Welcome, for they Know and Appreciate Values.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

Hamburg Edgings and Insertions in Jaconet Cambric and Nainsook now ready for your inspection.

CLOAKS, COATS AND JACKETS. 12 LEFT.

To show that we do not intend to carry over a single garment, you can take your choice of these $3, $3.50 and $4 coats at only 98c.

BEST GRADE COATS.

All stylish, up-to-date, and this season's make. 26 left, and all. They were $4 50, $5, $6, $7.50 and $8.50; your choice of any for $1.98.

Bed Covering, every grade and price. Extra heavy "North Star," 12-4, all wool white Blankets, warp and filling guaranteed; cost $6 50, usually sell for $10; our price, $5. 68 white Honeycomb Quilts, worth 75c. and $1; 69c.

Retailing Gent's Furnishings at wholesale prices, profitless to us, but a propitious opportunity to replenish a scanty wardrobe at a small cost.

WOOLEN UNDERWEAR REDUCTION SALE.

Yund, Kennedy & Yund's white and colored, all wool shirts and drawers, ribbed or flat goods, as preferred. Full regular $1 goods, during this sale at 75c: $1 25 qualities reduced to $1: $1 50 qualities are now sold at $1.25; Switz Conde fine derby ribbed and glove fitting, all wool, and Wright's Health Underwear at manufacturer's prices. Men's Sweaters at 25c. and 50c.; all wool Sweaters at 75c. and $1.

GENT'S DRESS AND NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

Full Dress white Shirts were $1.50, now $1; Peerless laundried, were $1.25, now $1; White Plaited Bosoms were now 75c.; Gladstone, laundried, $1, now 75c.; I. X. L., unlaundried, New Mills, muslin, linen bosoms, 75c., 50c.; "Custer" were 50c. each; our 3 for a dollar, or single, 35c.

All of the above are full sizes, well made, reinforced back and fronts.

New ideas for Spring in Fancy and Negligee Shirts; colored bosoms, cuffs attached, and detachable cuffs and collars. The latest and newest out for 1897 are represented here. Regular prices prevail—50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50.

SPECIAL.

25 dozen Gent's Negligee Shirts, prices, 50c., 75., $1 and $1.25 quality, unboxed and spread on tables, your choice as long as they last at 50c.

GREAT LINE OF NECKWEAR.

Four-in-Hands, Tecks, Puffs, Scarfs, String Ties, the latest creations in fashions fad, light medium and dark colors, your choice of any, 25c.; Japanese silk H. S. Handkerchiefs, our 39c. leader, is now 25c.

10 dozen Gent's Woolen Half-Hose, usual price 25c.; during this sale, 15c. Hermsdorfs Fast Black Half-Hose, all sizes, high spliced heels and toes, 10c.

GLOVES.

Buckskin, Lambskin, Leather, lined and unlined, Wool, Cashmere and Silk, for men.

WALKING CANES AND UMBRELLAS.

Canes, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1, $1.25 and $1.50. Umbrellas, $1, $1.50, and $2.

Grand Clearance Sale of Remnants of all kinds, and in every Department. One thousand yards or more. Pull them over and toss them about. Every piece is worth just double, and often more.

Sherwood Higgs Co.

SUCCESSORS TO C. A. SHERWOOD & CO.

J. R. FERRALL & CO.

Grocers,

222 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WE CARRY THE FINEST LINE OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE. NEW AND FRESH GOODS RECEIVED EVERY DAY.

TELEPHONE 88.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL,

Corner Wilmington and Hargett Streets, half block from Fayetteville Street, one block south of Capitol Square.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Has Been Thoroughly Cleaned

Newly Furnished,

And now offers to both Transient and Regular Boarders first class fare at moderate prices.

A. J. JONES, Manager.

JONES & POWELL,

Retailers and Jobbers of

Horse and Cow Feed,

COAL, ICE,

Wood, Lumber, Laths, Sawed and Shaved Pine and Cypress Shingles

Warehouse on Railroad track, where cars are unloaded and reloaded, avoiding drayage and waste. Crystal Ice Factory similarly located. Coal, Wood and Lumber Yards on both Railroad systems.

Uptown Office: 107 Fayetteville St. Coal Yards: West end of Park Avenue; South end of West Street. Post Office: Lock Box 216. Telephones: Fayetteville St. Office, No. 41; Coal Yard Office, No. 71; Ice Factory Office, No. 146.